UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (date of earliest event reported): October 23, 2019

SLM CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

52-2013874

001-13251 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (Commission File Number) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) **300 Continental Drive** 19713 Newark, **Delaware** (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (302) 451-0200

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Delaware

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common stock, par value \$.20 per share	SLM	The NASDAQ Global Select Market
Floating Rate Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Series B, par value \$.20 per share	SLMBP	The NASDAQ Global Select Market

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:
☐ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
☐ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
□ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
□ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter). Emerging growth company □
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. o

ITEM 2.02 RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION

On October 23, 2019, SLM Corporation issued a press release announcing its financial results for the quarter ended September 30, 2019. The press release is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 and incorporated by reference herein.

ITEM 9.01 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND EXHIBITS.

(d) Exhibits

Exhibit

Number <u>Description</u>

99.1* Press Release, dated October 23, 2019.

104 Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and included in Exhibit 101)

* Furnished herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Date: October 23, 2019

SLM CORPORATION

By: /s/ STEVEN J. MCGARRY

Steven J. McGarry

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer



News Release

For Immediate Release

SALLIE MAE REPORTS THIRD-QUARTER 2019 FINANCIAL RESULTS

Third-Quarter GAAP Net Income Attributable to Common Stock of \$124 Million, or \$0.29 Per Diluted Share

Private Education Loan Originations Increase 6 Percent From the Year-Ago Quarter to \$2.2 Billion, Total \$4.9 Billion Year-to-Date, a 7 Percent Increase

Private Education Loan Portfolio Totals \$22.9 Billion, Up 14 Percent From the Year-Ago Quarter

NEWARK, Del., October 23, 2019 - Sallie Mae (Nasdaq: SLM), formally SLM Corporation, today released third-quarter 2019 financial results. Highlights of those results are included in the attached supplement. Complete financial results are available at www.SallieMae.com/investors.

Sallie Mae will host an earnings conference call tomorrow, October 24, 2019, at 8:00 a.m. EDT. Executives will be on hand to discuss various highlights of the quarter and to answer questions related to Sallie Mae's performance. To participate, dial 877-356-5689 (USA and Canada) or 706-679-0623 (international) and use access code 2888244 starting at 7:45 a.m. EDT. A replay of the conference call will be available approximately two hours after the call's conclusion and will remain available through Nov. 7, 2019, by dialing 855-859-2056 (USA and Canada) or 404-537-3406 (international) with access code 2888244.

A live audio webcast of the conference call and presentation slides may be accessed at www.SallieMae.com/investors.

Sallie Mae (Nasdaq: SLM) believes education and life-long learning, in all forms, help people achieve great things. As the leader in private student lending, we provide financing and know-how to support access to college and offer products and resources to help customers make new goals and experiences, beyond college, happen. Learn more at SallieMae.com. Commonly known as Sallie Mae, SLM Corporation and its subsidiaries are not sponsored by or agencies of the United States of America.

Contacts:

Media

Rick Castellano, 302-451-2541, rick.castellano@SallieMae.com

Investors

Brian Cronin, 302-451-0304, brian.cronin@SallieMae.com



Sallie Mae Reports Third-Quarter 2019 Financial Results

Third-Quarter GAAP Net Income Attributable to Common Stock of \$124 Million, or \$0.29 Per Diluted Share

Private Education Loan Originations Increase 6 Percent From the Year-Ago Quarter to \$2.2 Billion, Total \$4.9 Billion Year-to-Date, a 7 Percent Increase

Private Education Loan Portfolio Totals \$22.9 Billion, Up 14 Percent From the Year-Ago Quarter

"We are proud to help customers invest in themselves by responsibly borrowing to finance their education, the proven pathway to economic mobility," said Raymond J. Quinlan, Chairman and CEO. "Amid a competitive environment, we had a great back-to-school loan processing season, demonstrating once again that Sallie Mae is the partner families choose as they continue their path to building their prosperous futures."

Raymond J. Quinlan, Chairman and CEO, Sallie Mae

Third-Quarter 2019 Highlights vs. Third-Quarter 2018 Highlights

- Net interest income of \$405 million, up 14 percent.
- Private education loan originations of \$2.2 billion, up 6 percent.
- Average private education loans outstanding of \$22.2 billion, up 15 percent.
- Average yield on the private education loan portfolio was 9.30 percent, up 14 basis points.
- Private education loan provision for loan losses was \$84 million, up from \$42 million.
- Private education loans in forbearance were 3.6 percent of private education loans in repayment and forbearance, up from 3.4 percent.
- Private education loan delinquencies as a percentage of private education loans in repayment were 2.8 percent, up from 2.3 percent.
- Personal loans outstanding of \$1.1 billion, unchanged from prior year.
- Average yield on the personal loan portfolio was 12.16 percent, up 113 basis points.
- Paid third-quarter common stock dividend of \$0.03 per share, and repurchased \$37 million of common stock under share repurchase program at an average price of \$8.45 per share.
- Recorded an \$8 million gain related to changes in the valuation of certain non-marketable securities.

GAAP Diluted EPS 3Q19 - \$0.29 Non-GAAP "Core Earnings" Diluted EPS(1)

3Q19 - \$0.29

Private Education Loan Originations

3Q19 - \$2.2 billion

Non-GAAP Operating Efficiency Ratio(2)

3Q19 - 36.6%

Total Education Loan Assets

September 30, 2019 - \$23.7 billion Common Equity Tier 1 Risk-Based Capital

September 30, 2019 - 11.5%

Guidance

The Company expects 2019 results to be as follows:

- Full-year diluted "Core Earnings" per share: \$1.23 \$1.24.
- Full-year Private Education Loan originations of \$5.7 billion.
- Full-year non-GAAP operating efficiency ratio: 35 percent 36 percent.

Full-year diluted "Core Earnings" per share guidance was adjusted this quarter as a result of the gain on certain equity investments noted above.

Investor Contact: Brian Cronin, 302-451-0304 brian.cronin@SallieMae.com Media Contact: Rick Castellano, 302-451-2541 rick.castellano@SallieMae.com

Quarterly Financial Highlights

	3Q 2019	2Q 2019	3Q 2018
Income Statement (\$ millions)			
Total interest income	\$590	\$574	\$498
Total interest expense	185	177	141
Net interest income	405	397	357
Less: provisions for credit losses	99	93	70
Total non-interest income (loss)	17	19	(86)
Total non-interest expenses	154	139	151
Income tax expense (benefit)	41	34	(54)
Net income	128	150	104
Preferred stock dividends	4	4	4
Net income attributable to common stock	124	146	100
"Core Earnings" adjustments to GAAP(1)	(2)	(14)	3
Non-GAAP "Core Earnings" net income attributable	()	,	
to common stock ⁽¹⁾	122	132	103
Ending Balances (\$ millions)			
Private Education Loans, net	\$22,856	\$21,395	\$20,031
FFELP Loans, net	799	813	868
Personal Loans, net	1,062	1,061	1,080
Deposits	22,629	21,178	17,873
-Brokered	12,542	11,738	9,506
-Retail and other	10,086	9,440	8,367
rtotali and other	10,000	0,110	3,001
Key Performance Metrics			
Net interest margin	5.55%	5.88%	6.00%
Yield - Total interest-earning assets	8.09%	8.50%	8.37%
-Private Education Loans	9.30%	9.39%	9.16%
-Personal Loans	12.16%	12.00%	11.03%
Cost of Funds	2.75%	2.84%	2.59%
Non-GAAP Operating Efficiency Ratio ⁽²⁾	36.6%	34.9%	54.7%
Return on Assets ("ROA")(3)	1.7%	2.1%	1.7%
Non-GAAP "Core Earnings" ROA(4)	1.7%	1.9%	1.7%
Return on Common Equity ("ROCE") ⁽⁵⁾	18.0%	21.8%	16.6%
Non-GAAP "Core Earnings" ROCE ⁽⁶⁾	17.7%	19.8%	17.2%
3			
Per Common Share			
GAAP diluted earnings per common share	\$0.29	\$0.34	\$0.23
Non-GAAP "Core Earnings" diluted earnings per			
common share ⁽¹⁾	\$0.29	\$0.31	\$0.23
Non-GAAP "Adjusted Core Earnings" diluted			
earnings per common share ⁽⁷⁾	\$0.34	\$0.35	\$0.29
Average common and common equivalent shares			
outstanding (millions)	427	432	440

Footnotes:

- (1) Sallie Mae provides "Core Earnings" because it is one of several measures management uses to evaluate management performance and allocate corporate resources. The difference between "Core Earnings" and GAAP net income is driven by mark-to-fair value unrealized gains and losses on derivative contracts recognized in GAAP, but not in "Core Earnings" results. See the "Core Earnings" to GAAP Reconciliation in this press release for a full reconciliation of GAAP and "Core Earnings." "Core Earnings" exclude periodic unrealized gains and losses caused by the mark-to-fair value valuations on derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment under GAAP, but include current period accruals on the derivative instruments. For periods prior to July 1, 2018, "Core Earnings" also exclude the periodic unrealized gains and losses that are a result of ineffectiveness recognized related to effective hedges under GAAP, net of tax. Under GAAP, for our derivatives held to maturity, the cumulative net unrealized gain or loss over the life of the contract will equal \$0. Management believes the company's derivatives are effective economic hedges, and, as such, they are a critical element of the company's interest rate risk management strategy. Our "Core Earnings" are not defined terms within GAAP and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies.
- (2) We calculate and report our non-GAAP operating efficiency ratio as the ratio of (a) the total non-interest expense numerator to (b) the net revenue denominator (which consists of the sum of net interest income, before provision for credit losses, and non-interest income, excluding any gains and losses on sales of loans and securities, net and the net impact of derivative accounting as defined in the "'Core Earnings' to GAAP Reconciliation" table in this press release). This ratio provides useful information to investors because it is a measure used by our management team to monitor our effectiveness in managing operating expenses. Other companies may use similarly titled non-GAAP financial measures that are calculated differently from our ratio. Accordingly, our non-GAAP operating efficiency ratio may not be comparable to similar measures used by other companies.
- (3) We calculate and report our Return on Assets ("ROA") as the ratio of (a) GAAP net income numerator (annualized) to (b) the GAAP total average assets denominator.
- (4) We calculate and report our non-GAAP "Core Earnings" Return on Assets ("Core Earnings ROA") as the ratio of (a) "Core Earnings" net income numerator (annualized) to (b) the GAAP total average assets denominator.
- (5) We calculate and report our Return on Common Equity ("ROCE") as the ratio of (a) GAAP net income attributable to common stock numerator (annualized) to (b) the net denominator, which consists of GAAP total average equity less total average preferred stock.
- (6) We calculate and report our non-GAAP "Core Earnings" Return on Common Equity ("Core Earnings ROCE") as the ratio of (a) "Core Earnings" net income attributable to common stock numerator (annualized) to (b) the net denominator, which consists of GAAP total average equity less total average preferred stock.
- (7) Upon the adoption of the Financial Accounting Standards Board's Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-13, "Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments ("CECL"), on January 1, 2020, for all loans carried at amortized cost, upon loan origination we will be required to measure our allowance for losses based on our estimate of all current expected credit losses over the remaining contractual term of the assets. Upon the adoption of CECL, we plan to use a new non-GAAP measure ("Adjusted Core Earnings") to help investors better understand how we will internally view and measure our performance. Effective January 1, 2020, the definition of "Adjusted Core Earnings" for the period will be GAAP net income, net of the impact of the unrealized, mark-to-fair value gains (losses) on our derivatives, increased by the provision for credit losses recorded under the CECL framework, decreased by the net charge-offs recorded, and adjusted by the net tax impact of these adjustments. This non-GAAP metric will recognize all loan losses upon actual charge-off of those loans (when a loan reaches 120 days delinquent it is charged against the allowance for loan losses), rather than using current expected losses (as under CECL) or deemed probable losses (as under the current standard). See the "Adjusted Core Earnings" to GAAP Reconciliation in this press release for a full reconciliation of GAAP and "Adjusted Core Earnings." The tables in the "Adjusted Core Earnings" to GAAP Reconciliation show how GAAP net income for the quarters ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 would compare to the non-GAAP "Adjusted Core Earnings" measure for those periods if we had been using that measure during those periods.

This press release contains "forward-looking statements" and information based on management's current expectations as of the date of this release. Statements that are not historical facts, including statements about our beliefs, opinions or expectations and statements that assume or are dependent upon future events, are forward-looking statements. This includes, but is not limited to, the company's expectation and ability to pay a quarterly cash dividend on its common stock in the future, subject to the determination by the company's Board of Directors, and based on an evaluation of the company's earnings, financial condition and requirements, business conditions, capital allocation determinations, and other factors, risks and uncertainties, and also includes any estimates related to pending accounting standard changes. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors that may cause actual results to be materially different from those reflected in such forward-looking statements. These factors include, among others, the risks and uncertainties set forth in Item 1A. "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in the company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended Dec. 31, 2018 (filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on Feb. 28, 2019) and subsequent filings with the SEC; increases in financing costs; limits on liquidity; increases in costs associated with compliance with laws and regulations; failure to comply with consumer protection, banking and other laws; changes in accounting standards and the impact of related changes in significant accounting estimates, including any regarding the measurement of our allowance for loan losses and the related provision expense; any adverse outcomes in any significant litigation to which the company is a party; credit risk associated with the company's exposure to third parties, including counterparties to the company's derivative transactions; and changes in the terms of education loans and the educational credit marketplace (including changes resulting from new laws and the implementation of existing laws). We could also be affected by, among other things: changes in our funding costs and availability; reductions to our credit ratings; cybersecurity incidents, cyberattacks and other failures or breaches of our operating systems or infrastructure, including those of third-party vendors; damage to our reputation; risks associated with restructuring initiatives, including failures to successfully implement cost-cutting programs and the adverse effects of such initiatives on our business; changes in the demand for educational financing or in financing preferences of lenders, educational institutions, students and their families; changes in law and regulations with respect to the student lending business and financial institutions generally; changes in banking rules and regulations, including increased capital requirements; increased competition from banks and other consumer lenders; the creditworthiness of our customers; changes in the general interest rate environment, including the rate relationships among relevant money-market instruments and those of our earning assets versus our funding arrangements; rates of prepayments on the loans that we own; changes in general economic conditions and our ability to successfully effectuate any acquisitions; and other strategic initiatives. The preparation of our consolidated financial statements also requires us to make certain estimates and assumptions, including estimates and assumptions about future events. These estimates or assumptions may prove to be incorrect. All forward-looking statements contained in this release are qualified by these cautionary statements and are made only as of the date of this release. We do not undertake any obligation to update or revise these forward-looking statements to conform such statements to actual results or changes in our expectations.

SLM CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In thousands, except share and per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	S	eptember 30, 2019	0	December 31, 2018		
Assets		2013		2010		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,851,608	\$	2,559,106		
Investments:	•	0,002,000		_,000,_00		
Available-for-sale investments at fair value (cost of \$454,603 and \$182,325,						
respectively)		455,968		176,245		
Other investments		85,500		55,554		
Total investments		541,468		231,799		
Loans held for investment (net of allowance for losses of \$414,406 and \$341,121, respectively)		24,716,664		22,270,919		
Restricted cash		142,846		122,789		
Other interest-earning assets		74,670		27,157		
Accrued interest receivable		1,510,458		1,191,981		
Premises and equipment, net		135,208		105,504		
Income taxes receivable, net		108,743		41,570		
Tax indemnification receivable		38,226		39,207		
Other assets		40,324		48,141		
Total assets	\$	31,160,215	\$	26,638,173		
Liabilities						
Deposits	\$	22,628,677	\$	18,943,158		
Short-term borrowings		297,800		_		
Long-term borrowings		4,601,888		4,284,304		
Upromise member accounts		192,708		213,104		
Other liabilities		256,010		224,951		
Total liabilities		27,977,083		23,665,517		
Commitments and contingencies						
Equity						
Preferred stock, par value \$0.20 per share, 20 million shares authorized:						
Series B: 4 million and 4 million shares issued, respectively, at stated value of \$100 per share		400,000		400,000		
Common stock, par value \$0.20 per share, 1.125 billion shares authorized: 453.5 million and 449.9 million shares issued, respectively		90,707		89,972		
Additional paid-in capital		1,301,628		1,274,635		
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (net of tax expense (benefit) of \$(6,525) and \$3,436, respectively)		(20,183)		10,623		
Retained earnings		1,725,674		1,340,017		
Total SLM Corporation stockholders' equity before treasury stock	-	3,497,826		3,115,247		
Less: Common stock held in treasury at cost: 31.3 million and 14.2 million shares, respectively		(314,694)		(142,591		
Total equity	-	3,183,132		2,972,656		
Total liabilities and equity	\$	31,160,215	\$	26,638,173		

SLM CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (In thousands, except per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended				Nine Months Ended				
	September 30,			September 30,					
		2019		2018		2019		2018	
Interest income:									
Loans	\$	564,698	\$	485,997	\$	1,672,082	\$	1,370,090	
Investments		2,145		1,340		5,272		4,981	
Cash and cash equivalents		23,548		10,260		53,212		22,068	
Total interest income		590,391		497,597		1,730,566		1,397,139	
Interest expense:									
Deposits		143,393		105,093		405,977		273,154	
Interest expense on short-term borrowings		1,400		1,156		3,700		4,677	
Interest expense on long-term borrowings		40,533		34,715		116,675		89,111	
Total interest expense		185,326		140,964		526,352		366,942	
Net interest income		405,065		356,633		1,204,214		1,030,197	
Less: provisions for credit losses		99,526		70,047		256,691		187,245	
Net interest income after provisions for credit losses		305,539		286,586		947,523		842,952	
Non-interest income (loss):									
Gains on sales of loans, net		_		_		_		2,060	
Losses on sales of securities, net		_		_		_		(1,549)	
Gains (losses) on derivatives and hedging activities, net		1,961		(4,949)		21,460		(6,325)	
Other income (loss)		15,280		(80,702)		31,313		(58,765)	
Total non-interest income (loss)		17,241		(85,651)		52,773		(64,579)	
Non-interest expenses:									
Compensation and benefits		64,980		62,260		210,213		190,822	
FDIC assessment fees		8,814		9,136		23,788		25,933	
Other operating expenses		79,827		79,328		198,573		194,250	
Total non-interest expenses		153,621		150,724		432,574		411,005	
Income before income tax expense (benefit)		169,159		50,211		567,722		367,368	
Income tax expense (benefit)		40,701		(53,667)		130,798		27,404	
Net income		128,458		103,878		436,924		339,964	
Preferred stock dividends		4,153		4,124		12,952		11,441	
Net income attributable to SLM Corporation common stock	\$	124,305	\$	99,754	\$	423,972	\$	328,523	
Basic earnings per common share attributable to SLM Corporation	\$	0.29	\$	0.23	\$	0.99	\$	0.76	
Average common shares outstanding		424,149		435,468		429,295		434,875	
Diluted earnings per common share attributable to SLM Corporation	\$	0.29	\$	0.23	\$	0.98	\$	0.75	
Average common and common equivalent shares outstanding		427,336		440,019		432,572		439,484	
Declared dividends per common share attributable to SLM Corporation	\$	_	\$	_	\$	0.09	\$		

"Core Earnings" to GAAP Reconciliation

The following table reflects adjustments associated with our derivative activities.

		Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,				
(<u>Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)</u>		2019		2018		2019		2018	
"Core Earnings" adjustments to GAAP:									
GAAP net income	\$	128,458	\$	103,878	\$	436,924	\$	339,964	
Preferred stock dividends		4,153		4,124		12,952		11,441	
GAAP net income attributable to SLM Corporation common stock	\$	124,305	\$	99,754	\$	423,972	\$	328,523	
Adjustments:									
Net impact of derivative accounting ⁽¹⁾		(2,843)		4,561		(25,287)		5,808	
Net tax expense (benefit) ⁽²⁾		(695)		1,107		(6,180)		1,410	
Total "Core Earnings" adjustments to GAAP		(2,148)		3,454		(19,107)		4,398	
"Core Earnings" attributable to SLM Corporation common stock	\$	122,157	\$	103,208	\$	404,865	\$	332,921	
GAAP diluted earnings per common share	\$	0.29	\$	0.23	\$	0.98	\$	0.75	
Derivative adjustments, net of tax		_		_		(0.04)		0.01	
"Core Earnings" diluted earnings per common share	\$	0.29	\$	0.23	\$	0.94	\$	0.76	

⁽¹⁾ Derivative Accounting: "Core Earnings" exclude periodic unrealized gains and losses caused by the mark-to-fair value valuations on derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment under GAAP, but include current period accruals on the derivative instruments. For periods prior to July 1, 2018, "Core Earnings" also exclude the periodic unrealized gains and losses that are a result of ineffectiveness recognized related to effective hedges under GAAP, net of tax. Under GAAP, for our derivatives held to maturity, the cumulative net unrealized gain or loss over the life of the contract will equal \$0.

^{(2) &}quot;Core Earnings" tax rate is based on the effective tax rate at Sallie Mae Bank where the derivative instruments are held.

"Adjusted Core Earnings" to GAAP Reconciliation

The following table reconciles and shows how GAAP net income for the following periods would compare to the non-GAAP "Adjusted Core Earnings" measure for those periods if we had been using that measure during those periods.

		Three Months Ended September 30,			Septem			nber 30,		
(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)	2019		2018		2019		_	2018		
"Adjusted Core Earnings" ⁽¹⁾ adjustments to GAAP:										
GAAP net income	\$	128,458	\$	103,878	\$	436,924	\$	339,964		
Preferred stock dividends		4,153		4,124		12,952		11,441		
GAAP net income attributable to SLM Corporation common stock	\$	124,305	\$	99,754	\$	423,972	\$	328,523		
Adjustments:										
Net impact of derivative accounting ⁽²⁾		(2,843)		4,561		(25,287)		5,808		
Add: provision for credit losses		99,526		70,047		256,691		187,245		
Less: net charge-offs		(67,905)		(35,199)		(183,604)		(108,624)		
Net tax expense ⁽³⁾		7,034		9,571		11,682		20,504		
Total adjustments to GAAP		21,744		29,838		36,118		63,925		
"Adjusted Core Earnings" attributable to SLM Corporation common stock	\$	146,049	\$	129,592	\$	460,090	\$	392,448		
GAAP diluted earnings per common share	\$	0.29	\$	0.23	\$	0.98	\$	0.75		
Total adjustments, net of tax		0.05		0.06		0.08		0.14		
"Adjusted Core Earnings" diluted earnings per common share	\$	0.34	\$	0.29	\$	1.06	\$	0.89		

⁽¹⁾ Effective January 1, 2020, the definition of "Adjusted Core Earnings" for the period will be GAAP net income, net of the impact of the unrealized, mark-to-fair value gains (losses) on our derivatives, increased by the provision for credit losses recorded under the CECL framework, decreased by the net charge-offs recorded, and adjusted by the net tax impact of these adjustments. This non-GAAP metric will recognize all loan losses upon actual charge-off of those loans (when a loan reaches 120 days delinquent it is charged against the allowance for loan losses), rather than using current expected losses (as under CECL) or deemed probable losses (as under the current standard).

⁽²⁾ Derivative Accounting: "Adjusted Core Earnings" in this table exclude periodic unrealized gains and losses caused by the mark-to-fair value valuations on derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment under GAAP, but include current period accruals on the derivative instruments. For periods prior to July 1, 2018, "Adjusted Core Earnings" in this table also exclude the periodic unrealized gains and losses that are a result of ineffectiveness recognized related to effective hedges under GAAP, net of tax. Under GAAP, for our derivatives held to maturity, the cumulative net unrealized gain or loss over the life of the contract will equal \$0.

^{(3) &}quot;Adjusted Core Earnings" tax rate is based on the effective tax rate at Sallie Mae Bank where the derivative instruments and loans are held.