

AFSA Presentation May 20, 2009

> Presented by Jack Remondi Vice Chairman & CFO

### Forward Looking Statements

This Presentation contains forward-looking statements and information based on management's current expectations as of the date of this presentation. Statements that are not historical facts, including, financial projections, statements about our beliefs or expectations and statements that assume or are dependent upon future events, are forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors that may cue actual results to be materially different from those reflected in such forward-looking statements. These factors include, among others, the occurrence of any event, change or other circumstances that could give rise to our ability to cost-effectively refinance asset-backed financing facilities due April 2010, (collectively, the "2008 Asset-Backed Financing Facilities"), including any potential foreclosure on the student loans under those facilities following their termination; increased financing costs; limited liquidly; any adverse outcomes in any significant litigation to which we are a party, our derivative counterparties terminating their positions with the Company if permitted by their contracts and the Company substantially incurring additional costs to replace any terminated positions; 2010 budget proposals as they relate to the Federal Family Education Loan Program ("FFELP") and regulations and from the implementation of applicable laws and regulations) which, among other things, may change the volume, average term and yields on student loans under the FEELP, may result in loans being originated or refinanced under ron-FFELP programs, or may affect the terms upon which barks and others agree to sell FFELP loans to the Company. The Company could be affected by: various liquidity programs being incorrect estimates or assumptions by management in connection with the preparation of our consolidated financial statements; changes in the composition and performance of our Managed FFELP and Private Education loans, which may increase the costs or limit the availability of f

"Core Earnings" Performance Measures - The following presentation includes "Core Earnings" performance measures. A presentation of the most comparable GAAP financial measures and a reconcilitation of the "Core Earnings" performance measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures are included in the our most recent quarterly earnings release, quarterly earnings report on Form 10-Q and annual report on Form 10-K, which are available on our website at <a href="http://www.sec.gov/">http://www.sec.gov/</a>.

U.S. Government Guaranteed Student Loans – The following presentation contains references to U.S. Government guaranteed student loans. All such references are to loans made in compliance with the Federal Family Education Loan Program ("FFELP"), under Title IV of the Higher Education Act, to finance educational costs. As more fully described in our moet recent quarterly earnings release, quarterly earnings repeated are no point 10-0 and annual report on Form 10-K, available on our website at (<u>http://www.sec.gov</u>), the federal guarantee of FFELP loans is conditioned on loans being originated, disbursed and serviced in accordance with U.S. Department of Education regulations. In addition, unless a loan default results from the borrower's death, disability or bankruptcy, the federal government guarantees the loan ("Fike Sharing"). FFELP loans serviced intercord and the loan generally must absorb the two percent differed government guarantees as loss on the loan ("Fike Sharing"). FFELP loans serviced by a servicer that has an Exceptional Performer designation from the U.S. Department of education are not subject to Pisk Sharing and receive 100% reimbursement on default claims (!99 percent reimbursement on default claims (!99 percent

Additional Information - The following presentation contains certain information about the Company that management believes is important to investors, but should be read in conjunction with other material information about the Company, including, but not limited to, the operational, funding, interest rate, political and regulatory, liquidity and credit risks that the Company faces. For a discussion of the risks described above as well as additional information about the Company you should refer to our most recent quarterly earnings release, quarterly report on Form 10-Q and annual report on Form 10-K, available on our website at (http://www2.sallemae.com/investors/stockholderinto/samingsinto) and (http://www.sc.sallemae.com/investors/stockholderinto/samingsinto) and (http://www.sc.gallemae.com/investors/stockholderinto/samingsinto) and security, you should refer to the pricing supplement, prospectus supplement and/or prospectus applicable to that security.



# **SLM Corporation**



- #1 originator of student loans in the U.S. education lending market
- #1 servicer and collector of students loans in the U.S. currently servicing \$184 billion in assets including \$9 billion for third parties
- Fully independent private sector company with scale and a broad franchise, traded on the NYSE
- \$185 billion managed student loan portfolio, 81% of which is U.S. government guaranteed<sup>(1)</sup>
- · At quarter end, 83% of managed student loans were funded with term liabilities,
  - 72% funded for the life of the loan
  - 11% funded with fixed spread liabilities with an average life of 4.4 years

(1) As of March 31, 2009



# **SLM Corporation Update**

- Managed student loans outstanding increased to \$185 billion in Q1, up 2.7% from year-end 2008
  - Originated a record \$6.6 billion of FFELP loans in Q1, a 10% increase over prior year
  - Private Credit originations decline 40% in Q1 2009 to \$1.5 billion from the prior year due to a more conservative underwriting and funding position
- "Core Earnings" net income was \$13.9 million prior to preferred dividends, impacted by the CP/Libor dislocation, lagging liability costs from the DOE participation program and an impairment in the mortgage purchased paper portfolio
- · Student loan legislation, ECASLA, passed by Congress in May 2008
  - DOE Loan Purchase Commitment Program
    - At 3/31/09, \$13.5 billion of loans funded under this program
  - DOE Conduit Straight A Funding
    - · Program launched May 11, 2009
    - · SLM allocation of \$750 million in initial issuance
- · Operating expenses declined 18% to \$296 million in Q1 from prior year
- Upromise manages \$16.9 billion in 529 college savings plans with 10 million members enrolled in the member rewards programs.



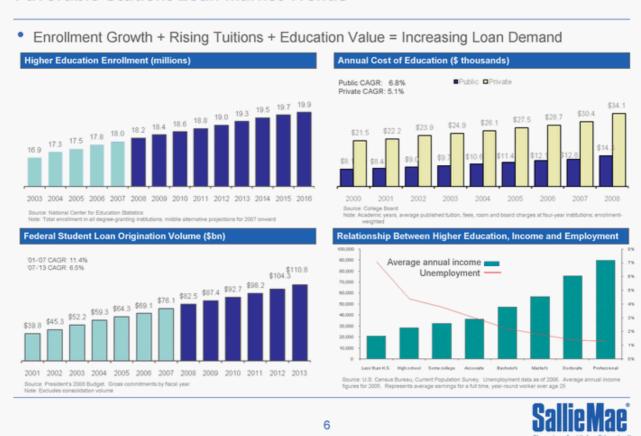


## Sallie Mae Proposition

- Strong Business Fundamentals
- · Competitive, scale franchise
- FFELP profitability assured through 2010
- · Liquidity improving and adequate to meet debt service
- ED facility provides unlimited funding for new FFELP originations through AY 09/10
- Expanding deposit funding provides funding for new Private Credit Originations
- · Asset class performs well despite weakening consumer credit







### **Favorable Student Loan Market Trends**

# FFELP Student Loan Market Share

# FFELP Loan Originations (Gross Commitments) \$ in Billions

Rank	Lender	2008	Mkt Share 2008
1	Sallie Mae*	\$19.6	31%
2	Wells Fargo	\$9.1	14%
3	Citibank	\$6.2	10%
4	Bank of America	\$4.3	7%
5	JP Morgan Chase	\$3.4	5%
6	US Bank	\$2.3	4%
7	PNC Bank	\$2.2	3%
8	EdAmerica	\$1.6	3%
9	Suntrust Bank	\$1.1	2%
10	Access Group	\$1.1	2%
	Top 10 Totals	\$50.8	80%
	Total Market	\$63.2	100%

<u>\*Notes:</u> Sallie Mae includes all Preferred Channel volume Wells Fargo includes Wachovia volumes Bank of America includes Fleet and LaSalle Bank volumes JP Morgan Chase includes Bank One volumes PNC Bank includes National City Bank volumes Source: http://www.fp.ed.gov



### **Federal Student Loan Policy Alternatives**

#### **President's Budget Proposal**

- · Convert all federal student loans to federal funding by July 2010
- . Use savings to substantially increase Pell Grants
- . Use private sector firms to originate and service

#### Sallie Mae Proposed Modifications = President's Proposal "Plus"

- · Convert all federal student loans to federal funding by July 2010
- . Use savings to substantially increase Pell Grants
- · Use private sector firms to originate and service

#### PLUS

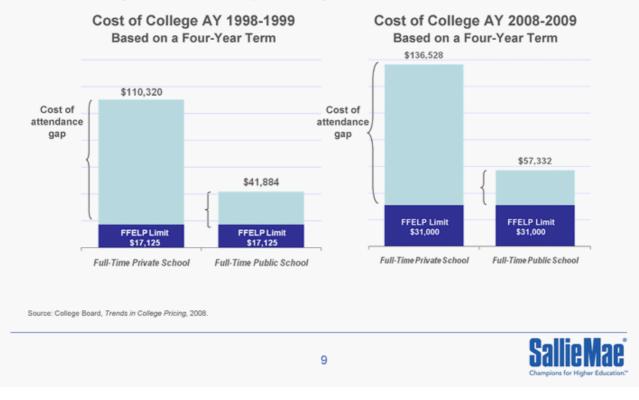
- · Choice and competition on campus for loan originations systems and service
  - \*Lenders compete to originate loans, along with current DL system
  - •Originating lenders have opportunity to service loans under federal pricing standards •All loans have same terms and conditions
  - ·Use ECASLA mechanism to move privately-originated loans onto federal balance sheet
- Powerful incentives for default aversion via risk share
  - +All servicers retain 3% risk sharing
  - \*SLM performance superior versus program performance
- Low implementation risk
  - +Avoids transition of 4,500 schools to DL system over a short period of time





### **Private Education Loan Market Demand**

 Private education loans help bridge the gap between funding available through governmentsponsored programs and the rapidly increasing cost of education



## **Private Credit Originations**



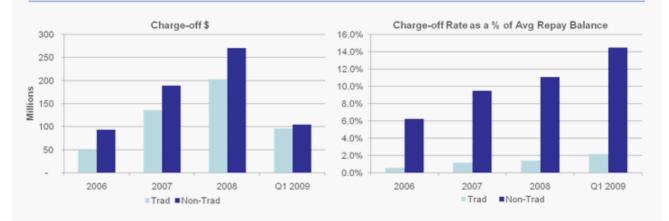
# SLM's New Private Education Loan Product

#### Smart Option Product

- · Launched 3/23/09
- Eliminates negative amortization during the school and grace period while reducing the average life from 9.5 years to 5 years
- · Strategies to achieve a 90% cosigned rate have been deployed
- · Repayment term is driven by cumulative amount borrowed and grade level
- Requires interest only payment on new loans for student and cosigned loans with open option to pay P&I
- · Eliminates capitalization of interest effect
- · Full communication with borrower during in school period
- · Full collection activities employed
- · Significant overall reduction in total interest expense
- · Develops habit and responsibility of payment
- · Limits propensity to accumulate additional debt given in-school payment requirement





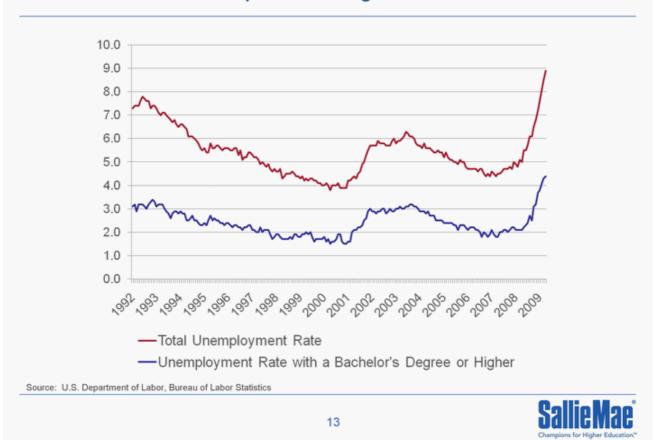


# Charge-off Trends – Mix of Traditional vs. Non-Traditional

- Charge-offs driven by Non-Traditional loans
- Non-Traditional loans represent less than 14% of the Private Education Loan portfolio
- Higher quality loans entering repayment in 2009 and 2010

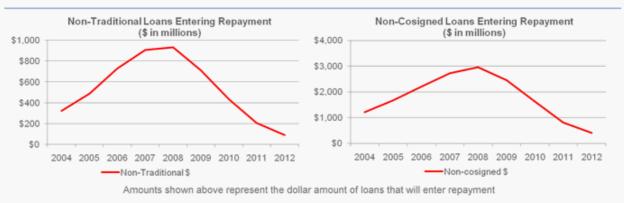






### **Recession Has Smaller Impact On College Grads**





- Non-Traditional charge-off rate is 7x to 8x greater than Traditional
- 74% of Q109 loan originations had co-borrowers, up from 56% in Q108.
- · Non-cosigned loans charge off at more than twice the rate of cosigned loans





### **Capital Markets Developments**

- Completed \$5.1 billion FFELP ABS in April
  - Non-DOE conduit eligible collateral
  - Non-TALF eligible collateral
- · Reduced and extended ABCP program
  - Term Extension of 1 year for \$22 billion FFELP facility
  - · Terminated and paid in full Private Credit facility
  - Extended \$1.5 billion FFELP facility for 60 days
- Completed \$2.6 billion Private Credit ABS in May
  - TALF Eligible transaction
  - · Unique callable structure
  - · Multiple investors participated
- DOE Straight A Funding conduit launched
  - Program Launched on May 11, 2009
  - SLM allocated \$3.6 billion in initial 2 fundings





### Liquidity Position Update

(\$ in billions)	3/31/2009	12/31/2008	3/31/2008
Sources of Primary Liquidity:			
ED Purchase and Participation Program	Unlimited	Unlimited	
Unrestricted Cash & Liquid Investments (1)	\$3.7	\$5.0	\$4.9
Unused Commercial Paper and Bank Lines of Credit (2)	5.2	5.2	6.5
2008 FFELP ABCP Facilities	0.1	0.8	6.9
2008 Private ABCP Facilities	0.0	0.3	:
Total Sources of Primary Liquidity	9.0	11.3	18.4
Stand-by Liquidity:			
Unencumbered FFELP Loans	5.0	5.2	<u>19.2</u>
Total Primary and Stand-by Liquidity (3)	\$14.0	\$16.6	\$37.5

(1) Includes \$911 million, \$1.6 billion and \$2.2 billion at 3/31/09, 12/31/08, and 3/31/08 respectively of cash collateral pledged by derivative counterparties and held by the company in Unrestricted Cash At both March 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008, excludes commitments of \$308 million, from Lehman Brothers

(2)

Bank, FSB, a subsidiary of Lehman Brothers Holdings, Inc. which declared bankruptcy on September 15, 2008. (3) Numbers may not add due to rounding





# **Unencumbered Assets / Unsecured Debt**

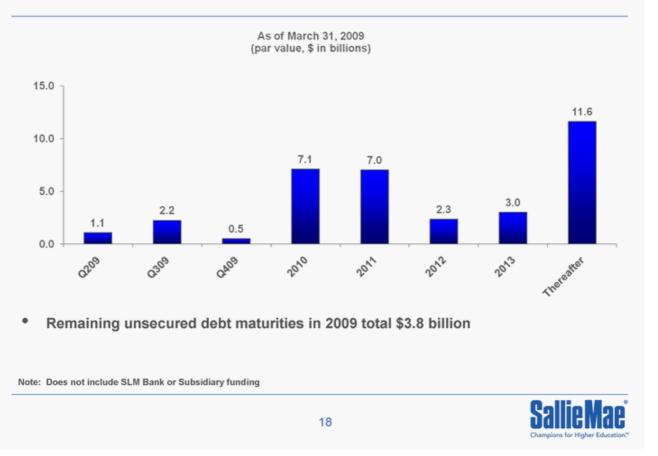
Unencumbered Asset Projections								
	YE08	Q109	YTD					
	12/31/08	3/31/09	4/30/09					
FFELP Stafford and Plus Loans	3.7	4.4	2.7					
FFELP Consolidation Loans	1.5	0.6	0.5					
Private Education Loans	17.2	15.7	20.9					
Other Loans	0.7	0.7	0.7					
Available Cash & Investments	5.1	3.7	4.5					
Retained Interests	2.2	1.9	1.9					
Other Assets	7.4	6.6	6.6					
Total Unencumbered Tangible Assets	37.8	33.6	37.8					
Unsecured Debt Outstanding	40.4	38.2	38.2					

Ratio	<b>YE08</b>	Q109	4/09	YE09
Tangible Unencumbered Assets/Unsecured Debt	94%	88%	99%	104%*

\* Year End 2009 data represents a forecast



# **Unsecured Debt Maturities**



### **Free Cash Flow Description**

	Apr-Dec			Total
	2009	2010	2011	Apr 09-Dec 11
Beginning Cash	3.7	6.7	4.4	3.7
Free Cash Flows				
Net Income	0.6	0.9	1.1	2.6
Loan Repayments	2.3	2.4	2.4	7.1
Other Assets/Liabilities	0.3	1.5	1.5	3.3
Advance Rate Change	4.0		_	4.0
Total Sources of Free Cash Flow	7.2	4.8	5.0	17.0
Debt Maturities	(4.2)	(7.1)	(6.8)	(18.1)
Ending Cash and Investments	6.7	4.4	2.6	2.6

\*Sources of free cash flow include net income, floor income and other cash payments

\* Student Loan Repayments are consistent and predictable

\*Securitization Trusts Generate Free cash flow through servicing fees and the residual

\*Unencumbered assets grow as loans migrate to Straight A funding and advance rates improve



## Summary

- Strong business fundamentals
- Competitive, scale franchise
- FFELP profitability assured through 2010
- Emerging programs strengthen liquidity and improve profitability







# GAAP to "Core Earnings" EPS Reconciliation

(\$ in thousands, except per share amounts)		Quarters Ended							
	March 31, 2009				March 31, 2008				
		Dollars		Diluted EPS		Dollars		Diluted EPS	
GAAP net loss attributable to SLM Corporation	\$	(21,386)	Ş	(0.10)	\$	(103,804)	\$	(0.28)	
Adjustment from GAAP to "Core Earnings"									
Net impact of securitization accounting		198,590				79,146			
Net impact of derivative accounting		(54,010)				363,368			
Net impact of Floor Income		(79,023)				5,577			
Net impact of acquired intangibles		9,664				15,329			
Total "Core Earnings" Adjustments before net tax effect		75,221				463,420			
Nettax effect		(39,951)				(171,302)			
Total "Core Earnings" Adjustments		35,270				292,118			
"Core Earnings" net income attributable to SLM Corporation		13,884	_	(0.03)		188,314	_	0.34	
"Core Earning" net income adjusted for non-recurring items									
Restructuring Expenses		3,007				13,027			
Acceleration of premium amortization expense on loans		-				51,777			
Total after tax non-recurring items		3,007		0.01		64,804		0.14	



# Additional Information Available at www.salliemae.com

