# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# FORM 8-K

Current Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of The Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): October 16, 2003

## **SLM CORPORATION**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) **File No. 001-13251** (Commission File Number)

**52-2013874** (IRS Employer Identification Number)

**11600 Sallie Mae Drive, Reston, Virginia** (Address of principal executive offices)

**20193** (zip code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (703) 810-3000

Not Applicable

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

#### Item 7. Financial Statements, Pro Forma Financial Information and Exhibits

(a) Financial Statements of Businesses Acquired:

Not applicable.

(b) Pro Forma Financial Information:

Not applicable.

- (c) Exhibits:
  - 99.1 Press Release dated October 16, 2003

99.2 Additional Information Available on the Registrant's Website

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#### Item 9. Regulation FD Disclosure

The following information is furnished pursuant to Item 12, "Disclosure of Results of Operations and Financial Condition."

On October 16, 2003, SLM Corporation issued a press release with respect to its earnings for the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2003, which is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K. Additional information for the quarter, which is available on the Registrant's website at www.salliemae.com/investor/corpreports.html, is furnished as Exhibit 99.2.

#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

SLM CORPORATION

By: /s/ C.E. ANDREWS

Name: Title: C.E. Andrews Executive Vice President, Accounting and Risk Management

Dated: October 16, 2003

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	CURRENT REPORT							
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Exhibit No.	Description							
99.1	Press Release dated October 16, 2003							
99.2	Additional Information Available on the Registrant's Website							

## QuickLinks

**SIGNATURES** 



## FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

# NEWS RELEASE

Media Contacts: Tom Joyce 703/810-5610 Martha Holler 703/810-5178 <u>Investor Contacts:</u> Jeff Heinz 703/810-7751 Nam Vu 703/810-7723

### SLM CORPORATION (NYSE: SLM) LOAN ORIGINATIONS EXCEED \$5.1 BILLION, GROWTH OF 24-PERCENT

#### Company's Total Managed Portfolio Tops \$85 Billion

**RESTON, Va., Oct. 16, 2003**—SLM Corporation (NYSE: SLM), commonly known as Sallie Mae, today reported third-quarter results that include a record \$5.1 billion in preferred channel loan originations, a 24-percent increase from the year-ago quarter. These originations through the company's family brands are a leading indicator of future acquisition volume.

"We continue to put assets on our books at a faster rate than we expected," said Albert L. Lord, vice chairman and chief executive officer. "With colleges creating new seats and students responding to the low interest rates of the federal loan program, we see strong growth continuing for several years."

Sallie Mae reports financial results on a GAAP basis and also presents certain non-GAAP or "core cash" performance measures. The company's equity investors, credit rating agencies and debt capital providers use these "core cash" measures to monitor the company's business performance.

Sallie Mae reported third-quarter 2003 GAAP net income of \$480 million, or \$1.04 per diluted share, after cumulative effect of accounting change, compared to a loss of \$(62) million, or \$(.14) per diluted share (split adjusted), in the year-ago period. For the nine months ended Sept. 30, 2003, GAAP net income was \$1.3 billion compared to \$486 million in the year-ago period.

"Core cash" net income for the quarter was \$228 million, or \$.49 per diluted share, up from \$194 million or \$.40 per diluted share (split adjusted) in the yearago quarter, a per share increase of 23 percent. "Core cash" net interest income was \$404 million for the quarter, a 13-percent increase from the year-ago quarter's \$358 million.

"Core cash" other income, which consists primarily of fees earned from guarantor servicing and debt management, was \$168 million for the 2003 third quarter, up from \$137 million for the prior quarter and from \$134 million for the year-ago quarter. "Core cash" operating expenses were \$177 million for the quarter, down from \$183 million in the prior quarter, and up from \$169 million in the year-ago quarter.

A description of the "core cash" treatment and a full reconciliation to the GAAP income statement can be found at www.salliemae.com.

Total equity for the company at Sept. 30, 2003, was \$2.6 billion, an increase of \$820 million from the year ago total of \$1.8 billion. Tangible capital was 2.06 percent of managed assets, compared to 1.41 percent as of Sept. 30, 2002. The company continues to dissolve the government-sponsored entity (GSE), and at quarter end, more than 70 percent of managed student loans were funded through non-GSE sources.

In May, the company announced a three-for-one stock split in the form of a stock dividend of two additional shares for every one share already outstanding effective June 20, 2003.

The company will host its regular earnings conference call today at noon. Sallie Mae executives will be on hand to discuss various highlights of the quarter and to answer questions related to the

company's performance. Individuals interested in participating should call the following number today, Oct. 16, 2003, starting at 11:45 a.m. EDT: (877) 356-5689 (USA and Canada) or (706) 679-0623 (International). The conference call will be replayed continuously beginning Thursday, Oct. 16, at 3:30 p.m. EDT and concluding at 11:59 p.m. EDT on Thursday, Oct. 23. Please dial (800) 642-1687 (USA and Canada) or dial (706) 645-9291 (International) and use access code 2854518. In addition, there will be a live audio Web cast of the conference call, which may be accessed at <u>www.salliemae.com</u>. A replay will be available 30-45 minutes after the live broadcast.

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Statements in this release referring to expectations as to future market share, the successful consummation of any business acquisitions and other future developments are forward-looking statements, which involve risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results to differ materially from such forward-looking statements. Such factors include, among others, changes in the terms of student loans and the educational credit marketplace arising from the implementation of applicable laws and regulations, and from changes in such laws and regulations, changes in the demand for educational financing or in financing preferences of educational institutions, students and their families, and changes in the general interest rate environment. For more information, see the company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

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**SLM Corporation** (NYSE: SLM), commonly known as Sallie Mae, is the nation's leading provider of education funding, managing more than \$85 billion in student loans for more than seven million borrowers. The company primarily provides federally guaranteed student loans originated under the Federal Family Education Loan Program (FFELP), and offers comprehensive information and resources to guide students, parents and guidance professionals through the financial aid process. Celebrating its 30th anniversary this year, the company opened its doors in May 1973 as a government-sponsored enterprise (GSE) called

the Student Loan Marketing Association, and began the privatization process in 1997. Since then, Sallie Mae's parent company name has changed, most recently to SLM Corporation. Through its specialized subsidiaries and divisions, the company also provides an array of consumer credit loans, including those for lifelong learning and K-12 education, and business and technical outsourcing services for colleges and universities. More information is available at <a href="http://www.salliemae.com">http://www.salliemae.com</a>. SLM Corporation and its subsidiaries, other than the Student Loan Marketing Association, are not sponsored by or agencies of the United States.

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Sallie Mae

11600 Sallie Mae Drive

Reston, Va 20193

www.salliemae.com

## SLM CORPORATION Supplemental Earnings Disclosure September 30, 2003 (Dollars in millions, except earnings per share)

			Q	uarters ended				Nine mon Septen		
		September 30, 2003		June 30, 2003		September 30, 2002		2003		2002
Net income (loss)	\$	480	\$	373	\$	(62)	\$	1,269	\$	486
"Core cash" net income		228		210		194		641		544
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share, after										
cumulative effect of accounting change*	\$	1.04	\$	80	\$	(.14)	\$	2.71	\$	1.00
"Core cash" diluted earnings per common share*		.49		.44		.40		1.36		1.12
Return on assets		3.50%	)	2.91%	, )	(.50)%	%	3.27%	, D	1.32%
"Core cash" return on assets		.94		.93		.94		.95		.90
Student loan spread		2.22%		2.41%	, )	2.31%	'n	2.29%	'n	2.49%
"Core cash" student loan spread		1.92		1.93		1.88		1.93	-	1.88
Average on-balance sheet student loans	\$	44,839	\$	44,173	\$	43,862	\$	44,393	\$	42,835
Average off-balance sheet student loans		39,803	•	37,811	•	32,705	•	37,631		31,790
Average managed student loans	\$	84,642	\$	81,984	\$	76,567	\$	82,024	\$	74,625
0	_		-		-		-		-	
Ending on-balance sheet student loans, net	\$	45,684	\$	42,993	\$	44,466				
Ending off-balance sheet student loans, net	•	40,127		40,121		32,648				
Ending managed student loans, net	\$	85,811	\$	83,114	\$	77,114				
,	-	,	-		-	,				
Ending managed EEEI Distudent loops, not	¢	79.007	¢	76 107	¢	71 626				
Ending managed FFELP student loans, net Ending managed private credit student loans, net	\$	78,097 7,714	\$	76,107 7,007	\$	71,636 5,478				
Enumg manageu private creuit student 10ans, net		/,/14		7,007		5,470				
Ending managed student loans, net	\$	85,811	\$	83,114	\$	77,114				

\* In May 2003, the Company announced a three-for-one stock split of the Company's common stock to be effected in the form of a stock dividend. The additional shares were distributed on June 20, 2003 for all shareholders of record on June 6, 2003. All share and per share amounts presented have been retroactively restated for the stock split. Stockholders' equity has been restated to give retroactive recognition to the stock split for all periods presented, by reclassifying from additional paid-in capital to common stock, the par value of the additional shares issued as a result of the stock split.

Sallie Mae reports pro forma "core cash" earnings, which the Company believes provide additional insights into its business. "Core cash" earnings reflect only current period adjustments to GAAP earnings as described below. Accordingly, the Company's "core cash" earnings presentation does not represent another comprehensive basis of accounting. The differences between GAAP and "core cash" earnings calculations are as follows:

- 1) Securitization: Under GAAP, certain securitization transactions are accounted for as sales of assets. "Core cash" earnings present all securitization transactions as long-term non-recourse financings. The upfront "gains" on sale from securitization as well as ongoing "servicing and securitization revenue" presented by GAAP are excluded from "core cash" earnings and replaced by the interest income, provision for loan losses, and interest expense as they are earned or incurred on the securitized loans.
- 2) Floor Income: The Company earns Floor Income on its student loan portfolio in certain declining interest rate environments. The timing and amount (if any) of Floor Income are uncertain and in excess of expected spreads, and therefore the Company excludes such income from "core cash" earnings.
- 3) SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities": The Company employs certain hedging transactions to match the interest rate characteristics of its managed assets and liabilities. The Company believes that these hedging transactions (generally called derivatives) are

financially prudent and create effective economic hedges, but not all qualify for "hedge treatment" under GAAP's SFAS No. 133 and, therefore, the derivative side must be marked-to-market through earnings with no offsetting mark-to-market of the hedged item. "Core cash" earnings exclude the periodic unrealized gains and losses caused by the one-sided valuations, and recognize the economic effect of these hedges, which results in any cash paid or received being recognized ratably as an expense or revenue over the hedged item's life.

- 4) SFAS No. 150, "Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity": Under SFAS No. 150, equity forward contracts that allow a net settlement option either in cash or the Company's stock are required to be accounted for in accordance with SFAS No. 133 as derivatives. As a result, the Company now accounts for its equity forward contracts as derivatives in accordance with SFAS No. 133 and periodically marks them to market through earnings. In accordance with SFAS No. 150, equity forward contracts that were entered into prior to June 1, 2003 and outstanding at July 1, 2003, were marked-to-market on July 1, and resulted in a gain which was reflected as a "cumulative effect of accounting change." This gain has been excluded from "core cash" results; subsequent changes in fair value after July 1, 2003 are also excluded from "core cash" earnings as discussed in the SFAS No. 133 discussion above.
- 5) Other items: "Core cash" earnings exclude the amortization of acquired intangibles, as well as gains and losses on certain sales of securities and derivative contracts.

### SLM CORPORATION Consolidated Balance Sheets (In thousands, except per share amounts)

		September 30, 2003	_	June 30, 2003		September 30, 2002
Assets						
Federally insured student loans (net of allowance for losses of \$49,538,						
\$46,429 and \$43,016, respectively)	\$	40,654,139	\$	38,694,429	\$	38,987,863
Private credit student loans (net of allowance for losses of \$185,378,		, ,				
\$174,212 and \$186,231, respectively)		5,029,310		4,299,024		5,477,853
Academic facilities financings and other loans		1,093,900		1,177,178		1,330,303
Cash and investments		7,383,960		7,190,775		5,312,247
Retained Interest in securitized receivables		2,749,130		2,985,777		1,785,311
Goodwill and acquired intangible assets		581,208		583,676		578,552
Other assets		2,444,911		3,251,914		2,052,530
Total assets	\$	59,936,558	\$	58,182,773	\$	55,524,659
Liabilities						
Short-term borrowings	\$	22,995,312	\$	24,619,758	\$	28,662,628
Long-term notes		31,259,011		28,049,326		22,158,235
Other liabilities		3,038,251		3,147,517		2,879,430
Total liabilities		57,292,574		55,816,601		53,700,293
Commitments and contingencies*						
Stockholders' equity						
Preferred stock, par value \$.20 per share, 20,000 shares authorized:						
3,300; 3,300; and 3,300 shares, respectively, issued at stated value of \$50						
per share		165,000		165,000		165,000
Common stock, par value \$.20 per share, 1,125,000 shares authorized:						
471,278; 638,983; and 619,125 shares, respectively, issued		94,256		127,797		123,825
Additional paid-in capital		1,442,919		1,359,082		941,175
Accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax		568,381		689,220		606,838
Retained earnings		755,687		3,386,218		2,452,857
Stockholders' equity before treasury stock		3,026,243		5,727,317		4,289,695
Common stock held in treasury at cost: 20,643; 188,491; and 158,508		-,,		-,,		.,,
shares, respectively		382,259		3,361,145		2,465,329
Total stockholders' equity		2,643,984		2,366,172		1,824,366
	<b></b>	<b>FO</b> 000 <b>F</b> F0	<b></b>		¢	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	59,936,558	\$	58,182,773	\$	55,524,659

\* Commitments to purchase loans, lines of credit, letters of credit, and academic facilities financing letters of credit were \$37.3 billion, \$.9 billion, \$2.1 billion, and \$45.5 million, respectively, at September 30, 2003.

			Quarters ended				Nine mon Septem		
	September 30, 2003		June 30, 2003		September 30, 2002		2003		2002
Interest income:									
Student loans	\$ 424,938	\$	451,589	\$	504,456	\$	1,312,777	\$	1,573,096
Academic facilities financings and other loans	19,050	)	19,290		21,643		58,546		70,061
Investments	39,204	۱ 	42,034	_	28,829		109,499		108,704
Total interest income	483,192		512,913		554,928		1,480,822		1,751,861
Interest expense	232,978	3	246,727	_	300,615		723,794		928,245
Net interest income	250,214	ŀ	266,186		254,313		757,028		823,616
Less: provision for losses	41,695	5 _	36,449	_	34,771		120,689		82,558
Net interest income after provision for losses	208,519	)	229,737		219,542		636,339		741,058
Other income:									
Gains on student loan securitizations	39,454	L	314,220		17,819		659,477		75,838
Servicing and securitization revenue	74,812		137,057		121,185		349,348		495,923
Losses on sales of securities, net	(6,457		(26,660)		(62,854)		(114,677)		(188,463)
Derivative market value adjustment	250,342		(29,546)		(365,917)		335,162		(254,519)
Guarantor servicing fees	40,323		25,259		27,679		100,776		78,118
Debt management fees	78,275		52,684		47,642		189,772		137,017
Other	53,368		61,126		63,494		168,922		168,527
Total other income (loss)	E 20, 115		E24 140	_	(150.052)		1 600 700		E12 441
Total other income (loss) Operating expenses	530,117 184,205		534,140 189,867		(150,952) 174,309		1,688,780 553,437		512,441 509,052
				_					
Income (loss) before income taxes (benefit) and									
cumulative effect of accounting change	554,431		574,010		(105,719)		1,771,682		744,447
Income taxes (benefit)	204,514	L	201,316	_	(43,340)	_	632,522		258,481
Income (loss) before cumulative effect of accounting									
change	349,917	7	372,694		(62,379)		1,139,160		485,966
Cumulative effect of accounting change	129,971	_			—		129,971		
		-		_					
Net income (loss)	479,888		372,694		(62,379)		1,269,131		485,966
Preferred stock dividends	2,875	5	2,875		2,875		8,625		8,625
Net income (loss) attributable to common stock	\$ 477,013	3 \$	369,819	\$	(65,254)	\$	1,260,506	\$	477,341
Basic earnings (loss) per common share:						_			
	\$.77	7\$	01	¢	(14)	¢	2.50	¢	1.02
Before cumulative effect of accounting change Cumulative effect of accounting change	\$.77 .29		.82	Э	(.14)	Э	.28	Э	1.03
Summarive creet of accounting change	•			_			.20		
Basic earnings (loss) per common share, after									
cumulative effect of accounting change	\$ 1.06	5\$	.82	\$	(.14)	\$	2.78	\$	1.03
Average common shares outstanding	450,725	;	452,174		461,159		453,139		463,630
				_					
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share:									
Before cumulative effect of accounting change		5\$	.80	\$	(.14)	\$	2.43	\$	1.00
Cumulative effect of accounting change	.28	3 —		_			.28		
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share, after									
cumulative effect of accounting change	\$ 1.04	\$	.80	\$	(.14)	\$	2.71	\$	1.00
Average common and common aquivalant charac									
Average common and common equivalent shares outstanding	460,647	7	465,132	_	461,159		465,125		475,631

SLM CORPORATION Pro-Forma "Core Cash" Consolidated Statements of Income (In thousands, except per share amounts)

Quarters ended

Nine months ended September 30,

		September 30, 2003		June 30, 2003		September 30, 2002	_	2003		2002
		(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)
Interest income:										
Managed student loans Academic facilities financings and	\$	751,197	\$	754,300	\$	812,480	\$	2,247,840	\$	2,436,104
other loans		19,050		19,290		21,643		58,546		70,061
Investments		43,973	_	43,892	_	28,031	_	117,108	_	108,308
Total managed interest income		814,220		817,482		862,154		2,423,494		2,614,473
Managed interest expense		410,112	_	424,274	_	503,901		1,253,728		1,572,224
Net managed interest income		404,108		393,208		358,253		1,169,766		1,042,249
Less: provision for losses		42,817	_	29,150	_	34,771		103,573		96,804
Net managed interest income after										
provision for losses		361,291	_	364,058	_	323,482	_	1,066,193		945,445
Other income:										
Guarantor servicing fees		40,323		25,259		27,679		100,776		78,118
Debt management fees		78,275		52,684		47,642		189,772		137,017
Other		49,253	_	58,685	_	58,627		161,143	_	163,933
Total other income		167,851		136,628		133,948		451,691		379,068
Operating expenses		177,229	_	183,283	_	168,678	_	533,249	_	492,185
Income before income taxes		351,913		317,403		288,752		984,635		832,328
Income taxes		123,533		107,841		94,822	343,4			288,714
"Core cash" net income		228,380		209,562		193,930		641,232		543,614
Preferred stock dividends		2,875	_	2,875	_	2,875		8,625		8,625
"Core cash" net income attributable to	\$		¢	206 697	¢	101.055	¢	622.607	¢	534,989
common stock	<b>Þ</b>	225,505	\$	206,687	\$	191,055	\$	632,607	\$	534,989
"Core cash" basic earnings per										
common share	\$	.50	\$	.46	\$	.41	\$	1.40	\$	1.15
Average common shares outstanding		450,725	_	452,174	_	461,159	_	453,139	_	463,630
"Core cash" diluted earnings per common share	\$	.49	\$	.44	\$	.40	\$	1.36	\$	1.12
Average common and common equivalent shares outstanding		460,647		465,132		472,074		465,125		475,631

## SLM CORPORATION Pro-Forma "Core Cash" Reconciliation of GAAP Net Income to "Core Cash" Net Income (In thousands)

			Quarters ended		Nine months ended September 30,				
	s	eptember 30, 2003	June 30, 2003		September 30, 2002		2003		2002
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)
GAAP net income (loss)	\$	479,888	\$ 372,694	\$	(62,379)	\$	1,269,131	\$	485,966
"Core cash" adjustments:									
Net interest income on securitized									
loans		177,964	195,991		130,437		541,020		559,145
Floor income on managed loans		(61,420)	(103,128)		(51,399)		(237,643)		(424,250)
Provision for losses on securitized									
loans		(1,122)	7,299		—		17,116		(14,246)
Gains on student loan securitizations		(39,454)	(314,220)		(17,819)		(659,477)		(75,838)
Servicing and securitization revenue		(74,812)	(137,057)		(121,184)		(349,348)		(495,923)
Losses on sales of securities, net		4,278	4,373		49,394		80,942		153,903
Amortization of acquired intangibles		7,060	6,716		5,786		20,548		17,358

Net impact of derivative accounting	(211,870)	84,090	400,499	(195,172)	370,904
Other	(3,142)	(671)	(1,243)	(5,033)	(3,172)
Total "core cash" adjustments before income taxes and cumulative effect of					
accounting change	(202,518)	(256,607)	394,471	(787,047)	87,881
Net tax effect (A)	80,981	93,475	(138,162)	289,119	(30,233)
Total "core cash" adjustments before					
cumulative effect of accounting change	(121,537)	(163,132)	256,309	(497,928)	57,648
Cumulative effect of accounting change	(129,971)	_	_	(129,971)	_
Total "core cash" adjustments	(251,508)	(163,132)	256,309	(627,899)	57,648
2					
"Core cash" net income	\$ 228,380	\$ 209,562	\$ 193,930	\$ 641,232	\$ 543,614

(A) Such tax effect is based upon the Company's marginal tax rate for the respective period.

## QuickLinks

SLM CORPORATION Supplemental Earnings Disclosure September 30, 2003 (Dollars in millions, except earnings per share)

SLM CORPORATION Consolidated Balance Sheets (In thousands, except per share amounts)

SLM CORPORATION Consolidated Statements of Income (In thousands, except per share amounts)

SLM CORPORATION Pro-Forma "Core Cash" Consolidated Statements of Income (In thousands, except per share amounts) SLM CORPORATION Pro-Forma "Core Cash" Reconciliation of GAAP Net Income to "Core Cash" Net Income (In thousands)

### SLM CORPORATION SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION THIRD QUARTER 2003 (Dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

The following supplemental information should be read in connection with SLM Corporation's (the "Company") press release of third quarter 2003 earnings, dated October 16, 2003.

Statements in this Supplemental Financial Information release, which refer to expectations as to future developments, are forward-looking statements within the meaning of The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements involve risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results to differ materially from such forward-looking statements. Such factors include, among others, changes in the terms of student loans and the educational credit marketplace arising from the implementation of applicable laws and regulations and from changes in such laws and regulations; changes in the demand for educational financing or in financing preferences of educational institutions, students and their families; and changes in the general interest rate environment. For more information, see our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

Definitions for capitalized terms in this document can be found in the Company's 2002 Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 27, 2003.

In May 2003, the Board of Directors approved a three-for-one split of our common stock to be effected in the form of a stock dividend. The additional shares of stock were distributed on June 20, 2003, for all shareholders of record on June 6, 2003. All share and per share amounts presented have been retroactively restated for the stock split. Stockholders' equity has been restated to give retroactive recognition to the stock split for all periods presented by reclassifying from additional paid-in capital to common stock the par value of the additional shares issued as a result of the stock split.

Certain reclassifications have been made to the balances as of and for the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2002, to be consistent with classifications adopted for 2003.

#### THIRD QUARTER HIGHLIGHTS

In addition to evaluating our financial information based on generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), management, credit rating agencies, lenders and analysts also evaluate us on certain non-GAAP-based performance measures, which we refer to as "core cash" performance measures. Under these "core cash" performance measures, management analyzes the student loan portfolio on a Managed Basis and treats securitization transactions as financings versus sales. As such, the securitization gain on sale and subsequent servicing and securitization revenue are eliminated from income, and net interest income from securitized loans is recognized.

When calculating these "core cash" performance measures we eliminate the benefit of Floor Income and use pre- Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," accounting for our derivative transactions, whereby we treat our derivatives as effective hedges and eliminate the derivative market value adjustment from our income statement. These "core cash" performance measures also eliminate the net benefit of Floor Income. We also exclude certain transactions that management does not consider part of our core business, such as gains or losses on certain sales of securities and derivative contracts, and the amortization of acquired intangible assets.

A detailed presentation and discussion of "core cash" results of operations, including a reconciliation of GAAP net income to "core cash" net income, is included herein under "**Core Cash" Results of Operations.** The following key measurements are presented on a "core cash" basis for the

Quarters ended Nine months ended September 30 June 30, September 30, September 30, September 30, 2003 2003 2002 2003 2002 GAAP diluted earnings (loss) per share, 1.00 after cumulative effect of accounting change \$ 1.04 \$ .80 \$ (.14) \$ 2.71 \$ "Core cash" diluted earnings per share \$ .49 \$ .44 \$ .40 \$ 1.36 \$ 1.12 Managed student loan spread 1.92% 1.93% 1.88% 1.93% 1.88% "Core cash" fee and other income \$ 168 \$ 137 \$ 134 \$ 452 \$ 379 "Core cash" operating expenses \$ 177 \$ 183 \$ 169 \$ 533 \$ 492 13,015 Managed student loan acquisitions \$ 4.807 4.033 15,297 5.142 \$ \$ \$ \$ Preferred Channel originations \$ 5,083 \$ 1,899 \$ 4,101 \$ 11,905 \$ 9,714 Loans securitized \$ 9,024 \$ 6,760 \$ 2,829 \$ 22,106 \$ 7,859 \$ Managed student loans outstanding, net \$ 85.811 \$ 83.114 \$ 77.114 \$ 85.811 77,114

quarters ended September 30, 2003, June 30, 2003 and September 30, 2002 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2003 and 2002 except for GAAP diluted earnings (loss) per share.

The main drivers of the growth in our "core cash" earnings include the growth in the Managed student loan portfolio, stable student loan spreads and increasing fee and other income. In the third quarter of 2003, we reported "core cash" diluted earnings per share ("EPS") of \$.49, which was a 23 percent increase over the third quarter of 2002 and an 11 percent increase over the prior quarter's "core cash" EPS.

The growth in our Managed student loans outstanding is an important driver of future earnings growth. In the third quarter of 2003, our Managed student loan portfolio grew by \$2.7 billion from \$83.1 billion at June 30, 2003 to \$85.8 billion at September 30, 2003. This growth in the student loan portfolio was

fueled by the \$5.1 billion in new student loans acquired in the third quarter of 2003, a 27 percent increase over the \$4.0 billion acquired in the third quarter of 2002 and a 7 percent increase from the \$4.8 billion acquired in the second quarter of 2003.

In the second quarter of 2003, we delayed the processing of most of the Consolidation Loan applications received after April 21, 2003 to allow borrowers to take advantage of the new lower interest rate that took effect on July 1, 2003. This shifted our acquisition of Consolidation Loans to the third quarter, resulting in a net increase in Consolidation Loans of \$196 million for the quarter. Net runoff of Consolidation Loans from the second quarter of 2003 was \$246 million, and net runoff in the third quarter of 2002 was \$62 million.

During the third quarter of 2003, our "core cash" student loan spread, which measures the spread on our Managed portfolio of student loans exclusive of Floor Income, was 1.92 percent versus 1.93 percent in the prior quarter and 1.88 percent in the year-ago quarter. The decrease in the "core cash" student loan spread is due primarily to a higher relative cost of funds and the growth in Consolidation Loan Rebate Fees. The negative impact from these fees is partially offset by lower student loan premium amortization and by lower borrower benefits on Consolidation Loans. The increase in the "core cash" student loan spread versus the prior year is due to growth in higher yielding private credit student loans and higher amortization of the upfront payment of Floor Income Contracts.

We continue to expand our guarantor servicing and debt management services. These businesses generated revenue of \$118 million in the third quarter of 2003, an increase of 55 percent over the year-ago quarter and a 53 percent increase over the prior quarter. The 53 percent increase in guarantor servicing and debt management fee revenue versus the prior quarter is mainly due to seasonal factors in the guarantor servicing business and to an increase in debt management fees caused by the second

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quarter suspension of the Federal Direct Loan Program's ("FDLP") Consolidation Loan disbursements until after the July 1 borrower interest rate reset, which deferred \$7 million of default portfolio management fees to the third quarter. The growth in other income versus the year-ago quarter is due to the continued growth of our debt management business and the increase in mortgage origination fees caused mainly by the acquisition of Pioneer Mortgage in the second quarter of 2003.

In the third quarter of 2003, "core cash" operating expenses were \$177 million versus \$169 million in the year-ago quarter and \$183 million in the second quarter of 2003. The decrease in operating expenses versus the prior quarter was primarily due to lower legal fees caused by an insurance reimbursement, lower mortgage origination expenses from lower originations and to a second quarter accrual of severance costs for an information technology outsourcing initiative. The \$8 million increase versus the prior year can mainly be attributed to the growth in the business and an increase in mortgage operating expenses due to the acquisition of Pioneer Mortgage in the second quarter of 2003, increased servicing and debt management expenses consistent with the growth in borrowers and the growth in the debt management business.

We repurchased 1.5 million common shares in the third quarter of 2003 primarily through equity forward settlements. We also issued 1.6 million shares related to our benefit plans. For the nine months ended September 30, 2003, we have repurchased 21.6 million shares, and issued 8.5 million shares under our benefit plans. Common stock outstanding at September 30, 2003 was 451 million shares.

During the third quarter of 2003, we completed four securitizations totaling \$9.0 billion, of which two were securitizations of FFELP Stafford/PLUS loans totaling \$3.5 billion, and two were securitizations of Consolidation Loans totaling \$5.5 billion. The two Consolidation Loan securitizations did not meet the criteria of being a qualifying special purpose entity ("QSPE") and are accounted for on-balance sheet as variable interest entities. As a result, no gain or loss was recorded on these transactions.

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#### **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

The following table presents the GAAP statements of income for the quarters ended September 30, 2003, June 30, 2003 and September 30, 2002 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2003 and 2002.

#### **Condensed Statements of Income**

		Quarters ended		Nine mor	nths ended
	September 30, 2003	June 30, 2003	September 30, 2002	September 30, 2003	September 30, 2002
Student loans	\$ 425	\$ 452	\$ 505	\$ 1,313	\$ 1,573
Academic facilities financings and other					
loans	19	19	22	59	70
Investments	39	42	28	109	109
Total interest income	483	513	555	1,481	1,752
Interest expense	233	247	301	724	928
Net interest income	250	266	254	757	824
Less: provision for losses	42	36	34	121	83
Net interest income after provision for					
losses	208	230	220	636	741
Other income:					
Gains on student loan securitizations	39	314	18	659	76
Servicing and securitization revenue	75	137	121	349	496

Losses on sales of securities, net	(6	) (20	6) (63)	(114)	(189)
Derivative market value adjustment	250	(29	e) (366)	335	(255)
Guarantor servicing fees	40	25	5 28	101	78
Debt management fees	78	52	2 48	190	137
Other	54	6	L 63	169	169
Total other income (loss)	530	534	4 (151)	1,689	512
Operating expenses	184	190	) 174	553	509
Income (loss) before income taxes and					
cumulative effect of accounting change	554		( )	1,772	744
Income taxes (benefit)	204	202	L (43)	633	258
Income (loss) before cumulative effect of	250	25		1 1 2 0	100
accounting change Cumulative effect of accounting change	350 130		(- )	1,139 130	486
Cumulative effect of accounting change	130			150	
Net income (loss)	480	373	3 (62)	1,269	486
Preferred stock dividends	480		3 3	1,209	400
r referreu stock urvidenus			J		
Net income (loss) attributable to common					
stock	\$ 477	\$ 370	) \$ (65)	\$ 1,261	\$ 477
	•				
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share:					
Before cumulative effect of accounting					
change	\$.76	\$.80	) \$ (.14)	\$ 2.43	\$ 1.00
Cumulative effect of accounting change	.28			.28	_
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share,					
after cumulative effect of accounting change	\$ 1.04	\$80	) \$ (.14)	\$ 2.71	\$ 1.00
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#### **On-Balance Sheet Student Loan Spread**

The following table analyzes the reported earnings from student loans on-balance sheet for the quarters ended September 30, 2003, June 30, 2003 and September 30, 2002 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2003 and 2002.

#### **On-Balance Sheet Student Loan Spread Analysis**

		Quarters ended		Nine months	s ended
	September 30, 2003	June 30, 2003	September 30, 2002	September 30, 2003	September 30, 2002
Student loan yields, before Floor Income	4.17%	4.36%	4.91%	4.32%	5.08%
Floor Income	.33	.42	.37	.35	.61
Consolidation Loan Rebate Fees	(.51)	(.46)	(.41)	(.49)	(.38)
Offset Fees	(.07)	(.08)	(.09)	(.07)	(.10)
Borrower benefits	(.08)	(.08)	(.08)	(.08)	(.08)
Premium and origination fee amortization	(.08)	(.06)	(.14)	(.08)	(.22)
Student loan net yield	3.76	4.10	4.56	3.95	4.91
Student loan cost of funds	(1.54)	(1.69)	(2.25)	(1.66)	(2.42)
Student loan spread	2.22%	2.41%	2.31%	2.29%	2.49%
Student loan average balance	\$ 44,839	\$ 44,173	\$ 43,862	\$ 44,393 \$	\$ 42,835

The decrease in the student loan spread in the third quarter of 2003 versus the prior quarter and the third quarter of 2002 was mainly due to the fluctuations in the amount of Floor Income discussed below. The decrease in the student loan spread, exclusive of Floor Income, versus both the prior quarter and the year-ago quarter is primarily due to a higher relative cost of funds and the growth in the Consolidation Loans. Consolidation Loans have lower spreads due to the 105 basis point Consolidation Loan Rebate Fee, which is partially offset by the longer average life of Consolidation Loans, that lengthens the premium amortization period resulting in lower student loan premium amortization expense per period. The third quarter student loan spread was also adversely impacted by higher premium write-offs from the increase in Consolidations into FDLP, caused primarily by the FDLP's temporary suspension of disbursements for new consolidations in the second quarter of 2003.

We earned \$37 million or 33 basis points of Floor Income in the third quarter of 2003, of which \$1 million relates to Variable Rate loans and \$36 million relates to Fixed Rate loans, primarily Consolidation Loans. In comparison, we realized \$40 million or 37 basis points in Floor Income in the year-ago quarter (\$1 million from Variable Rate loans and \$39 million from Fixed Rate loans), and \$46 million or 42 basis points of Floor Income in the prior quarter (\$16 million from Variable Rate loans and \$30 million from Fixed Rate loans). The reduction in on-balance sheet Fixed Rate Floor Income from the year-ago quarter is mainly due to the increase in the notional value of Floor Income Contracts as Floor Income earned on the underlying student loans is passed through to counterparties and reduces the net amount of Floor Income earned and to the off-balance sheet securitizations of Consolidation Loans. The upfront payment received on Floor Income contracts is included in the derivative market value adjustment, and is effectively recognized in income over the life of the contract. This reduction was offset by the increase in Consolidation Loans.

#### Net Interest Margin and Net Interest Income

The net interest margin for the third quarters of 2003 and 2002 and the second quarter of 2003 was 1.86 percent, 2.11 percent and 2.12 percent, respectively. The fluctuations in the net interest margin were largely driven by the fluctuations in the student loan spread discussed above, particularly the decrease of Floor Income versus the prior quarter and the year-ago quarter.

The net interest margin was also negatively impacted by the increase in lower yielding short-term investments caused by the increase in non-GSE funding. Investments held in the third quarter outside of the GSE that are in excess of our normal liquidity needs are expected to be replaced in the fourth quarter by assets that will be transferred from the GSE. We also experienced higher relative funding costs from the increase in non-GSE funding as a percentage of total on-balance sheet funding. The following table reflects the rates earned on assets and paid on liabilities for the quarters ended September 30, 2003, June 30, 2003 and September 30, 2002 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2003.

				Quarters en	nded		
		September 2003	30,	June 30, 2003		September 2002	30,
		Amount	Rate	Amount	Rate	Amount	Rate
Average Assets							
Student loans	\$	44,839	3.76%	\$ 44,173	4.10%	\$ 43,862	4.56%
Academic facilities financings and other loans		1,135	7.09	1,162	7.13	1,289	7.30
Investments		8,032	2.01	 6,041	3.02	 4,213	3.24
Total interest earning assets		54,006	3.57%	51,376	4.04%	49,364	4.52%
Non-interest earning assets		6,561		 5,856		 4,385	
Total assets	\$	60,567		\$ 57,232		\$ 53,749	
	_						
Average Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity							
Six-month floating rate notes	\$	3,087	1.06%	\$ 2,985	1.18%	\$ 3,062	1.77%
Other short-term borrowings		24,729	1.46	21,573	1.71	25,965	2.01
Long-term notes		26,892	1.97	27,675	2.11	20,492	3.01
Total interest bearing liabilities		54,708	1.69%	52,233	1.89%	49,519	2.41%
Non-interest bearing liabilities		3,078		2,743		2,450	
Stockholders' equity		2,781		 2,256		 1,780	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	60,567		\$ 57,232		\$ 53,749	
Net interest margin			1.86%		2.12%		2.11%



			Nine mont	hs en	nded	
		September 30,	2003		September 30,	2002
		Amount	Rate		Amount	Rate
Average Assets						
Student loans	\$	44,393	3.95%	\$	42,835	4.91%
Academic facilities financings and other loans		1,154	7.27		1,529	6.74
Investments	_	6,114	2.54		4,818	3.30
Total interest earning assets		51,661	3.86%		49,182	4.81%

Non-interest earning assets		 5,882		 4,658	
Total assets		\$ 57,543		\$ 53,840	
Average Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity					
Six-month floating rate notes		\$ 2,987	1.17%	\$ 2,994	1.86%
Other short-term borrowings		23,068	1.56	27,580	2.13
Long-term notes		26,226	2.19	19,099	3.14
Total interest bearing liabilities		 52,281	1.85%	 49,673	2.50%
Non-interest bearing liabilities		2,886		2,337	
Stockholders' equity		2,376		1,830	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity		\$ 57,543		\$ 53,840	
Net interest margin			1.99%		2.29%
	_				
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#### **Securitization Program**

During the third quarter 2003, we completed four securitizations totaling \$9.0 billion. We completed two securitizations of FFELP Stafford/PLUS loans totaling \$3.5 billion and two securitizations of Consolidation Loans totaling \$5.5 billion. The two Consolidation Loan transactions did not meet the requirements of being QSPEs and were therefore accounted for on-balance sheet as variable interest entities. As a result, no gain or loss was recorded on these transactions. During the second quarter of 2003 we completed four securitizations, one of which did not receive sale treatment. In the third quarter of 2002, we completed two securitizations, both of which received sale treatment. The following table summarizes securitization activity for the quarters ended September 30, 2003, June 30, 2003 and September 30, 2002 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2003 and 2002.

					Q	uartei	rs ended					
	Sep	tembe	r 30, 2003			June	30, 2003		Sept	ember	r 30, 2002	
	Number of Transactions		Amount Securitized	Gain %	Number of Transactions		Amount Securitized	Gain %	Number of Transactions		Amount Securitized	Gain %
FFELP Stafford/PLUS loans	2	\$	3,511	1.12%	1	\$	1,005	1.32%	2	\$	2,829	.63%
Consolidation Loans			—	—	1		2,251	9.59	—		—	—
Private credit student loans	_		_	_	1		1,248	6.82	_		_	_
Total securitization sales	2		3,511	1.12%	3		4,504	6.98%	2		2,829	.63%
On-balance sheet securitization of Consolidation Loans	2		5,513		1		2,256					
Total loans securitized	4	\$	9,024		4	\$	6,760		2	\$	2,829	
							Nine months ended					

		Septembe	r 30, 2003		September 30, 2002					
	Number of Transactions		Amount Securitized	Gain %	Number of Transactions		Amount curitized	Gain %		
FFELP Stafford/PLUS loans	4	\$	5,772	1.26%	5	\$	7,859	.96%		
Consolidation Loans	2		4,256	10.19	_					
Private credit student loans	2		2,253	6.79	—			—		
Total securitization sales	8		12,281	5.37%	5		7,859	.96%		
On-balance sheet securitization of Consolidation Loans	4		9,825		_		_			
Total loans securitized	12	\$	22,106		5	\$	7,859			

The increase in the gain for the third quarter of 2003 securitizations versus the year ago quarter's securitizations is primarily attributable to lower relative costs of funds on the 2003 transactions and lower premium write-offs.

#### Servicing and Securitization Revenue

Servicing and securitization revenue, the ongoing revenue from securitized loan pools, includes the interest earned on the Residual Interest asset, the revenue we receive for servicing the loans in the securitization trusts, and Embedded Floor Income on securitized student loans not previously included in the gain on sale calculation.

The following table summarizes the components of servicing and securitization revenue:

		Quarters ended		Nine mon	ths ended
	September 30, 2003	June 30, 2003	September 30, 2002	September 30, 2003	September 30, 2002
Servicing revenue	\$ 81	\$ 77	\$ 71	\$ 233	\$ 207
Securitization revenue, before Embedded Floor Income	18	44	39	103	71
Servicing and securitization revenue, before Embedded Floor Income	99	121	110	336	278
Embedded Floor Income	79	102	29	260	276
Less:					
Payments on Floor Contracts	(55)	(46)	(18)	(137)	(58)
Floor Income previously recognized in gain calculation	(48)	(40)	_	(110)	
Net Embedded Floor Income	(24)	16	11	13	218
Total servicing and securitization revenue	\$ 75	\$ 137	\$ 121	\$ 349	\$ 496
Average off-balance sheet student loans	\$ 39,803	\$ 37,811	\$ 32,705	\$ 37,631	\$ 31,790

Servicing and securitization revenue was .75 percent of the average balance of securitized loans in the third quarter of 2003, 1.45 percent in the prior quarter and 1.47 percent in the corresponding year-ago quarter. The decrease in servicing and securitization revenue for the third quarter before the impact of Embedded Floor Income is primarily due to payments on basis swaps hedging cash flows on securitized loans. The income or expense that is accrued on the hedged item that offsets the basis swap payments is accrued over time as a yield adjustment to the interest earned on the Residual Interest asset.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

Total equity was \$2.6 billion at September 30, 2003, an increase of \$278 million from June 30, 2003. Our tangible capital was 2.06 percent and 1.81 percent of Managed assets at September 30, 2003 and June 30, 2003, respectively. At September 30, 2003, total capital included the cumulative effect of SFAS No. 133, which decreased capital on a timing basis by 19 percent, offset by a 29 percent increase to capital due to the change in fair value of the Embedded Floor Income component of the Retained Interest.

We repurchased 1.5 million common shares during the third quarter of 2003 primarily through equity forward settlements. We also issued 1.6 million shares related to benefit plans. At September 30, 2003, the total common shares that could potentially be acquired over the next five years under outstanding equity forward contracts was 40.2 million shares at an average price of \$35.39 per share.

We have remaining authority to enter into additional share repurchases and equity forward contracts for 17 million shares.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2003, we have repurchased 21.6 million shares, and issued 8.5 million shares under our benefit plans. Common stock outstanding at September 30, 2003 was 451 million shares.

#### **Equity Forward Contracts**

The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") recently issued SFAS No. 150, "Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity," which covers the accounting for equity forwards. Under SFAS No. 150, equity forward contracts that allow a net settlement option either in cash or the Company's stock are required to be accounted for in accordance with SFAS No. 133 as derivatives. Those equity forward contracts that require physical settlement only (cash for shares) must be accounted for as a liability. Our existing contracts provide for net share or net cash settlement options, so as a result, we now account for our equity forward contracts as derivatives in accordance with SFAS No. 133 and periodically mark them to market through earnings. In accordance with SFAS No. 150, equity forward contracts that we entered into prior to June 1, 2003 and outstanding at July 1, 2003, were marked-to-market on July 1, and we recorded a gain of \$130 million which was reflected as a "cumulative effect of accounting change." We typically pay a "cost to carry" each month to the counterparty based on LIBOR plus a spread or at a fixed interest rate and net of dividends received. This cost will be treated as part of the

mark-to-market of the equity forward contracts through earnings. The transition gain was reduced by the cumulative cost of carry on those positions that was previously recognized in additional paid-in capital. In the third quarter of 2003, we recognized a \$15 million loss related to the mark-to-market of our equity forward contracts.

#### **Retirement of Treasury Stock and Stock Split**

In July 2003, the Board of Directors voted to retire 170 million shares of common stock held in treasury, effective in September 2003. Based on an average price of \$18.04 per share, this retirement decreased the balance in treasury stock by \$3.1 billion, with corresponding decreases of \$34 million in common stock and \$3.0 billion in retained earnings.

In May 2003, the Board of Directors approved a three-for-one split of our common stock to be effected in the form of a stock dividend. The additional shares of stock were distributed on June 20, 2003, for all shareholders of record on June 6, 2003. All share and per share amounts presented have been retroactively restated for the stock split. Stockholders' equity has been restated to give retroactive recognition to the stock split for all periods presented by reclassifying from additional paid-in capital to common stock the par value of the additional shares issued as a result of the stock split.

#### Leveraged Leases

At September 30, 2003, we had investments in leveraged and direct financing leases, net of impairments, totaling \$198 million that are general obligations of three commercial airlines and Federal Express Corporation. In the third quarter of 2003, aircraft passenger volume continued to improve, however, it is still below levels experienced prior to September 11, 2001 and a significant number of aircraft remain grounded. We did not recognize any impairment for leveraged leases in the third quarter, but we will continue to monitor these investments given the continued uncertainty surrounding the airline industry. Based on an analysis of the expected losses on certain leveraged leases plus the incremental increase in tax obligations related to forgiveness of debt obligations and/or the taxable gain on the sale of the aircraft, our remaining exposure to the airline industry is \$125 million.

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#### "CORE CASH" RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### **Explanation of Adjustments to GAAP**

In accordance with the Rules and Regulations of the SEC, we prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP. As discussed under "Financial Highlights," in addition to evaluating the Company's GAAP-based financial information, management, credit rating agencies, lenders and analysts also evaluate the Company on certain non-GAAP performance measures that we refer to as "core cash" results of operations. The Company reports pro forma "core cash" earnings, which the Company believes provide additional insights into its business. "Core cash" earnings reflect only current period adjustments to GAAP earnings as described below. Accordingly, the Company's "core cash" earnings presentation does not represent another comprehensive basis of accounting. A more detailed discussion of the differences between GAAP earnings and "core cash" earnings calculations follows.

#### Securitizations

For those securitizations treated as sales, we record a Residual Interest asset that equals the present value of the estimated future net cash flows from the portfolio of loans sold and, at the same time, we record a gain on the sale calculated as the difference between the relative fair value and the carrying value of the assets sold. The gain on sale effectively accelerates income recognition of the pool of student loans securitized while the ultimate realization of such income remains dependent on their actual performance over time. Fees earned for servicing the loan portfolios and interest earned on the Residual Interest asset are recognized over the life of the securitization as servicing and securitization revenue. For "core cash" results of operations, we treat securitization transactions as financings and eliminate the securitization gain on sale and subsequent servicing and securitization revenue from income. We then recognize the net interest income from securitized loans as if they remained on-balance sheet, so that the performance of the portfolio of loans is measured on a Managed Basis.

#### Floor Income

In low interest rate environments when our student loans are earning at the fixed borrower rate and the interest on our floating rate debt is continuing to decline, we earn additional spread income that we refer to as "Floor Income." The timing and amount of Floor Income is uncertain and tied to interest rate fluctuations, so we exclude such income from our "core cash" results of operations.

#### **Derivative Accounting**

SFAS No. 133 requires that changes in the fair value of derivative instruments be recognized currently in earnings unless specific hedge accounting criteria as specified by SFAS No. 133 are met. We believe that our derivatives are effective economic hedges and they are a critical element of our interest rate risk management strategy. However, under SFAS No. 133, some of our derivatives, primarily Floor Income Contracts, Eurodollar futures contracts, and certain basis swaps, are not considered accounting hedges, as further discussed below. In these instances, the derivatives are classified as "trading" derivatives for GAAP purposes and marked-to-market each quarter. The period to period change in the fair value of these derivatives is recorded through the derivative market value adjustment in the income statement with no consideration for the corresponding change in fair value of the hedged item. The derivative market value adjustment is caused by interest rate volatility and changing credit spreads during the period and the volume and term of derivatives not receiving hedge accounting treatment.

Our Floor Income Contracts are written options. SFAS No. 133's hedge criteria regarding effectiveness when using written options is more stringent than other hedging relationships. Because the paydown of principal of the student loans underlying the Embedded Floor Income in our student loans does not exactly match the change in the notional amount of our written Floor Income Contracts, the

written Floor Income Contracts do not qualify as effective hedges under SFAS No. 133. The Floor Income Contracts effectively fix the amount of Floor Income we will earn over the contract period, thus eliminating the timing and uncertainty associated with Floor Income for that period. Prior to SFAS No. 133, we accounted for Floor Income Contracts as hedges and amortized the upfront cash compensation ratably over the lives of the contracts. Under SFAS No. 133, the upfront payment is deemed a liability and changes in fair value are recorded through income throughout the life of the contract. The changes in the value of Floor Income Contracts is caused by changing interest rates that cause the underlying student loans to earn varying amounts of or no Floor Income, which is transferred to the counterparties. The change in the market value of the Floor Income Contracts is economically offset by the change in value of the student loan portfolio earning Floor Income, but that offsetting change in value is not recognized under SFAS No. 133.

Basis swaps are used to convert the floating rate debt from one interest rate index to another to match the interest rate characteristics of the assets. We primarily use basis swaps to change the index of our fixed rate and LIBOR-based debt, to better match the cash flows of our student loan assets that are indexed to commercial paper or the Treasury bill. SFAS No. 133 requires that the change in the cash flows of the hedge effectively offset both the change in the cash flows of the asset and the change in the cash flows of the liability. Our basis swaps hedge variable interest rate risk and do not meet this effectiveness test, because student loans can earn at either a variable or a fixed interest rate depending on market interest rates. We also have basis swaps that economically hedge off-balance sheet instruments that do not meet the SFAS No. 133 effectiveness test. As a result, these swaps are recorded at fair value with subsequent changes in value reflected in the income statement.

The following tables present the "core cash" statements of income and the reconciliation of GAAP net income (loss) to "core cash" net income for the quarters ended September 30, 2003, June 30, 2003 and September 30, 2002 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2003 and 2002.

#### "Core Cash" Statements of Income

			Quarters ended			Nine months ended				
	September 30, 2003		June 30, 2003		September 30, 2002		September 30, 2003	Ser	otember 30, 2002	
Managed federally insured student loans Managed private credit student loans	\$ 63 11		\$ 644	\$	718 94	\$	1,920 328	\$	2,190	
Academic facilities financings and other	11	9	110		94		328		246	
loans	1	9	19		22		59		70	
Investments	4	4	44		28		117		109	
Total Managed interest income	81	4	817	_	862		2,424		2,615	
Managed interest expense	41		424	_	504		1,254		1,572	
Net managed interest income	40	4	393		358		1,170		1,043	
Less: provision for losses		3	29		34		104		97	
Net Managed interest income after provision										
for losses	36	1	364		324		1,066		946	
Other income:										
Guarantor servicing fees	4	0	25		28		101		78	
Debt management fees	7	8	52		48		190		137	
Other	5	0	60		58		161		164	
Total other income	16	8	137		134		452		379	
Operating expenses	17		183		169		533		492	
Income before income taxes	35	2	318		289		985		833	
Income taxes	12		108		95		344		289	
"Core cash" net income	22	8	210		194		641		544	
Preferred stock dividends		3	3		3		8		9	
				_						
"Core cash" net income attributable to	<b>4</b>		* 007	<b></b>	101	¢	622	¢		
common stock	\$ 22	5 3	\$ 207	\$	191	\$	633	\$	535	
"Core cash" diluted earnings per common share	\$.4	0	\$.44	\$	.40	\$	1.36	\$	1.12	
51101 C	ψ.4		ψ .44	φ	.40	φ	1.30	φ	1,12	

Reconciliation of GAAP Net Income to "Core Cash" Net Income

 Quarters ended
 Nine months ended

 September 30, 2003
 June 30, 2003
 September 30, 2002
 September 30, 2002

GAAP net income (loss)	\$ 480	\$ 373	\$ (62)	\$ 1,269	\$ 486
"Core cash" adjustments:					
Net interest income on securitized loans	178	196	130	541	559
Floor income on Managed loans	(61)	(103)	(51)	(238)	(424)
Provision for losses on securitized loans	(1)	7	—	17	(14)
Gains on student loan securitizations	(39)	(314)	(18)	(659)	(76)
Servicing and securitization revenue	(75)	(137)	(121)	(349)	(496)
Losses on sales of securities, net	4	4	49	81	154
Amortization of acquired intangibles	7	7	6	21	17
Net impact of derivative accounting	(212)	84	400	(195)	371
Other	(4)	(1)	(1)	(6)	(3)
Total "core cash" adjustments before income taxes and cumulative effect of					
accounting change	(203)	(257)	394	(787)	88
Net tax effect (A)	81	94	(138)	289	(30)
Total "core cash" adjustments before					
cumulative effect of accounting change	(122)	(163)	256	(498)	58
Cumulative effect of accounting change	(130)			(130)	
Total "core cash" adjustments	(252)	(163)	256	(628)	58
"Core cash" net income	\$ 228	\$ 210	\$ 194	\$ 641	\$ 544

(A) Such tax effect is based upon our marginal tax rate for the respective period.

In the third quarter of 2003, we recognized \$212 million of net, pre-tax mark-to-market gains due to the net impact of SFAS No. 133 derivative accounting versus \$84 million of net, pre-tax losses in the second quarter 2003 and \$400 million of net, pre-tax losses in the third quarter 2002. The table below quantifies the impact of SFAS No. 133 derivative accounting on our net income for the quarters ended September 30, 2003, June 30, 2003 and September 30, 2002 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2003 and 2002 when compared with the accounting principles employed in all years prior to the SFAS No. 133 implementation. Gains and losses on certain closed derivative positions that previously qualified as hedges were capitalized and amortized over the term of the hedged item. Under

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SFAS No. 133, these amounts are recorded immediately. The adjustments to "core cash" net income for the net impact of SFAS No. 133 derivative accounting are summarized as follows:

		(	Quarters ended		Nine month	ns ended
	s	eptember 30, 2003	June 30, 2003	September 30, 2002	September 30, 2003	September 30, 2002
Reversal of SFAS No. 133 income statement items:						
Derivative market value adjustment included in other income	\$	(250) \$	29	366	\$ (335)	255
Amortization of derivative items included in other comprehensive income at transition		_	_	_	_	1
"Core cash" derivative adjustments:						
Amortization of premiums on Floor Income						
Contracts cap hedges in net interest income		42	39	24	122	89
Reversal of amortization of Floor Income Contracts de-designated as effective hedges on December 31, 2000 in net interest income		_	1	2	2	8
Reversal of impact of Eurodollar futures			1	2	2	0
contracts and Floor Income Contracts in gain/loss						
on sales of securities, net		1	21	10	31	31
Amortization of closed Eurodollar futures						
contracts in net interest income		(5)	(6)	(2)	(15)	(13)
Total net impact of SFAS No. 133 derivative						
accounting	\$	(212) \$	84	\$ 400	\$ (195) \$	371

The entire net impact of SFAS No. 133 derivative accounting has been excluded for "core cash" results.

In accordance with SFAS No. 150, equity forward contracts that we entered into prior to June 1, 2003 and outstanding at July 1, 2003, were marked-tomarket on July 1, and we recorded a gain of \$130 million which was reflected as a "cumulative effect of accounting change." This gain has been excluded for "core cash" results.

## "Core Cash" Student Loan Spread

The following table analyzes the reported earnings from our portfolio of Managed student loans, which includes loans both on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet in securitization trusts and excludes Floor Income.

			Quarters ended		Nine months ended				
	September 30, 2003		June 30, 2003	Septem 20		September 30, 2003	s	eptember 30, 2002	
"Core cash" student loan yields		4.13%	4.31%	, )	4.87%	4.29%	6	5.05%	
Consolidation Loan Rebate Fees		(.36)	(.35)		(.27)	(.35)		(.25)	
Offset Fees		(.04)	(.04)		(.05)	(.04)		(.06)	
Borrower benefits		(.09)	(.12)		(.11)	(.11)		(.11)	
Premium and origination fee amortization		(.12)	(.11)		(.23)	(.13)		(.26)	
"Core cash" student loan net yield		3.52	3.69		4.21	3.66		4.37	
"Core cash" student loan cost of funds	(	(1.60)	(1.76)		(2.33)	(1.73)		(2.49)	
"Core cash" student loan spread		1.92%	1.93%		1.88%	1.93%	%	1.88%	
Average Balances									
On-balance sheet student loans	\$ 44	,839	\$ 44,173	\$	43,862	\$ 44,393	\$	42,835	
Securitized student loans	39	,803	37,811		32,705	37,631		31,790	
Managed student loans	\$ 84	,642	\$ 81,984	\$	76,567	\$ 82,024	\$	74,625	

The decrease in the third quarter of 2003 "core cash" student loan spread versus the second quarter of 2003 can primarily be attributed to a higher relative cost of funds and the growth in Consolidation Loans. Consolidation Loans have lower spreads due to the 105 basis point Consolidation Loan Rebate Fees, that is partially offset by lower premium amortization expense caused by the longer average life of Consolidation Loans. Consolidation Loans also have lower borrower benefits. The third quarter "core cash" student loan spread was also lowered by higher premium write-offs from the increase in consolidations into FDLP, caused primarily by the FDLP's temporary suspension of disbursements for new consolidations in the second quarter of 2003.

The increase in the "core cash" student loan spread in the third quarter of 2003 versus the third quarter of 2002 is mainly due to an increase in the amortization of the upfront cash received from Fixed Rate Floor Income contracts and to the increase in the amortization of the loan discount on private credit student loans. These increases were partially offset by the growth in Consolidation Loans for reasons discussed above and a higher relative cost of funds.

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#### Allowance for Private Credit Student Loan Losses—Managed Basis

An analysis of our Managed allowance for loan losses for private credit student loans for the quarters ended September 30, 2003, June 30, 2003 and September 30, 2002 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2003 and 2002 is presented in the following table.

			Q	uarters ended				Nine mont	hs er	nded
		September 30, 2003	_	June 30, 2003	_	September 30, 2002	_	September 30, 2003	_	September 30, 2002
Balance at beginning of period	\$	242	\$	232	\$	181	\$	5 207	\$	208
Provision for Managed private credit student loan										
losses		32		27		32		91		66
Other		_				_		7		(36)
Charge-offs		(22)		(19)		(33)		(60)		(61)
Recoveries		3		2		6		10		9
	_		_		_		-		_	
Charge-offs, net of recoveries	_	(19)	_	(17)	_	(27)	_	(50)	_	(52)
Balance at end of period	\$	255	\$	242	\$	186	\$	255	\$	186

Net charge-offs as a percentage of average Managed private credit student loans	97%	/ 0	96%	ó	1.95%	)	95%	1.38%
(annualized)								
Net charge-offs as a percentage of average								
Managed private credit student loans in								
repayment (annualized)	2.01%	ó	1.90%	ó	3.62%	, )	1.89%	2.48%
Private credit allowance as a percentage of								
average Managed private credit student loans	3.36%	ó	3.46%	ý D	3.42%	, )	3.66%	3.73%
Private credit allowance as a percentage of the								
ending balance of Managed private credit student								
loans	3.20%	ó	3.34%	/ 0	3.29%	, )	3.20%	3.29%
Private credit allowance as a percentage of								
Managed private credit student loans in								
repayment	6.92%	ó	6.67%	ó	6.27%	, )	6.92%	6.27%
Average balance of Managed private credit								
student loans in repayment	\$ 3,658	\$	3,520	\$	2,935	\$	3,494	\$ 2,782
Average balance of Managed private credit								
student loans	\$ 7,595	\$	6,990	\$	5,447	\$	6,977	\$ 4,998
Ending balance of Managed private credit student								
loans	\$ 7,969	\$	7,249	\$	5,664	\$	7,969	\$ 5,664

We own a portfolio of defaulted FFELP loans that have been rejected for reimbursement by the guarantor and are uninsured. During the third quarter of 2003, we reclassified these uninsured student loans to private credit student loans and also reclassified the related reserves. In the above table this reclassification is reflected for all periods presented.

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#### **Delinquencies—Managed Basis**

The table below shows our private credit student loan delinquency trends for September 30, 2003, June 30, 2003 and September 30, 2002 on a Managed Basis. Delinquencies have the potential to adversely impact earnings if the account charges off and results in increased servicing and collection costs.

		September 3 2003	0,		June 30, 2003			September 30, 2002			
Index	E	Balance	%	I	Balance	%	I	Balance	%		
Loans in-school/grace/deferment <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	3,818		\$	3,202		\$	2,376			
Loans in forbearance <sup>(2)</sup>		463			418			318			
Loans in repayment and percentage of each status:											
Loans current		3,385	92%		3,356	92%		2,720	91%		
Loans delinquent 30-59 days <sup>(3)</sup>		127	3		110	3		108	4		
Loans delinquent 60-89 days		74	2		62	2		56	2		
Loans delinquent 90 days or greater		102	3		101	3		86	3		
Total Managed private credit student loans in repayment		3,688	100%	_	3,629	100%	_	2,970	100%		
Total Managed private credit student loans		7,969			7,249			5,664			
Managed private credit student loan allowance for losses		(255)			(242)			(186)			
Managed private credit student loans, net	\$	7,714		\$	7,007		\$	5,478			
Percentage of Managed private credit student loans in repayment	_	46%		_	50%		_	52%			
Delinquencies as a percentage of Managed private credit student loans in repayment		8%			8%			8%			

(1) Loans for borrowers who still may be attending school or engaging in other permitted educational activities and are not yet required to make payments on the loans, e.g., residency periods for medical students or a grace period for bar exam preparation.

(3) The period of delinquency is based on the number of days scheduled payments are contractually past due.

<sup>(2)</sup> Loans for borrowers who have temporarily ceased making full payments due to hardship or other factors, consistent with the established loan program servicing policies and procedures. Additionally, the forbearance balance at September 30, 2003 included \$8 million of career training loans in "closed school" status, whose ultimate disposition is uncertain.

When compared with GAAP other income, "core cash" other income excludes gains on student loan securitizations, servicing and securitization revenue, the derivative market value adjustment per SFAS No. 133 and certain gains and losses on sales of investment securities and student loans. The following table summarizes the components of "core cash" other income for the quarters ended September 30, 2003, June 30, 2003 and September 30, 2002 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2003 and 2002.

## Guarantor Servicing Fees, Debt Management Fees and Other Income

		Quarters ended					Nine months ended			
	Sept	ember 30, 2003	_	June 30, 2003		September 30, 2002		September 30, 2003		September 30, 2002
Guarantor servicing and debt management fees:										
Guarantor servicing fees	\$	40	\$	25	\$	28	\$	101	\$	78
Debt management fees		78		52		48		190		137
Total guarantor servicing and debt management fees	\$	118	\$	77	\$	76	\$	291	\$	215
Other income:										
Late fees	\$	18	\$	15	\$	14	\$	50	\$	43
Third party servicing fees		15		14		16		43		45
Mortgage and consumer loan fees		13		15		4		34		8
Other		4		16		24		34		68
Total other income	\$	50	\$	60	\$	58	\$	161	\$	164

The \$15 million increase in guarantor servicing fees in the third quarter of 2003 versus the prior quarter is mainly due to seasonal factors and to the growth in the guarantor servicing business. The \$12 million increase versus the year-ago quarter is due to the growth in the business, and modification to the manner in which revenue is recognized, thus reducing origination processing fees in the third quarter of 2002. The increase in debt management fees in the third quarter of 2003 versus the year-ago quarter and the second quarter of 2003 is primarily due to the growth in the business, improved performance in rehabilitating student loans and the effect of the FDLP's suspension of their Consolidation Loan program in the second quarter, which deferred \$7 million of default portfolio management fees to the third quarter. We earn default portfolio management fees when defaulted Stafford loans are consolidated with the FDLP.

The \$9 million increase in mortgage and consumer loan fees in the third quarter of 2003 versus the year-ago quarter is mainly attributed to an increase in gains on sales of mortgage loans due to the acquisition of Pioneer Mortgage in the second quarter of 2003.

In the third quarter of 2003, we changed our method of accounting for fees earned by performing information technology enhancements under an agreement with United Student Aid Funds, Inc. ("USA Funds"). Under the new accounting method, we will earn revenue ratably over the contract term upon completion of the project. We previously recognized revenue as services were performed. This change resulted in an \$18 million deferral of revenue previously recognized under this contract and is reflected in "Other" in the above table. These fees were previously reflected in "Guarantor Servicing Fees."

## "Core Cash" Operating Expenses

In the third quarter of 2003, "core cash" operating expenses were \$177 million versus \$169 million in the year-ago quarter and \$183 million in the second quarter of 2003. The decrease in operating expenses versus the prior quarter was primarily due to lower legal fees caused by an insurance reimbursement, lower mortgage origination expenses from lower originations, and to a second quarter accrual of severance costs for an information technology outsourcing initiative. The \$8 million increase versus the prior year can mainly be attributed to an increase in mortgage operating expenses due to the acquisition of Pioneer Mortgage in the second quarter of 2003, increased servicing and debt management expenses consistent with the growth in borrowers and the growth in the debt management business.

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## MANAGED STUDENT LOAN ACQUISITIONS

The following tables summarize the components of both our on-balance sheet and our Managed student loan acquisitions for the quarters ended September 30, 2003, June 30, 2003 and September 30, 2002 and the nine months ended September 30, 2003 and 2002.

	Quarter ended September 30, 2003						
	FFELP		Private		Total		
Preferred Channel	\$	2,647	\$	797	\$	3,444	
Other commitment clients		93		33		126	
Spot purchases		176		2		178	
Consolidations from third parties		811		40		851	

	2,540		—		2,540
	257		(10)		247
	6,524		862		7,386
	(2,540)		—		(2,540)
	278		18		296
\$	4,262	\$	880	\$	5,142
_					
		June 30, 2	003		
I	FELP	Privat	e		Total
F \$	FFELP 3,034	Privat \$	e 686	\$	Total 3,720
	3,034				3,720
	3,034 117				3,720 117
	3,034 117 384				3,720 117 384
	3,034 117 384 167				3,720 117 384 167
	3,034 117 384 167 617		686 		3,720 117 384 167 617
	3,034 117 384 167 617		686 		3,720 117 384 167 617
	3,034 117 384 167 617 250		686 — — — 21		3,720 117 384 167 617 271
	\$	257 6,524 (2,540) 278	257 6,524 (2,540) 278 \$ 4,262 \$ Quarter et	257       (10)         6,524       862         (2,540)          278       18	257 (10) 6,524 862 (2,540) — 278 18 \$ 4,262 \$ 880 \$ Quarter ended

Total Managed student loan acquisitions	\$	4,097	\$	710	\$ 4,807
				ter ended ber 30, 2002	
	F	FELP	P	rivate	 Total
Preferred Channel	\$	2,065	\$	547	\$ 2,612
Other commitment clients		148		35	183
Spot purchases		257		1	258
Consolidations from third parties		581		_	581
Consolidations from securitized trusts		1,231		_	1,231
Capitalized interest and other		268		(60)	208
Total on-balance sheet student loan acquisitions		4,550		523	5,073
Consolidations to SLM Corporation from securitized trusts		(1,231)		_	(1,231)
Capitalized interest and other — securitized trusts		191			191

2	
,	

\$

3,510

\$

523 \$

4,033

Total Managed student loan acquisitions

	Nine months ended September 30, 2003					
		FFELP		Private		Total
Preferred Channel	\$	8,996	\$	2,325	\$	11,321
Other commitment clients		266		33		299
Spot purchases		613		2		615
Consolidations from third parties		1,609		40		1,649
Consolidations from securitized trusts		4,490	) —			4,490
Capitalized interest and other	771			29		800
			_		_	
Total on-balance sheet student loan acquisitions		16,745		2,429		19,174
Consolidations to SLM Corporation from securitized trusts		(4,490)	490) —			(4,490)
Capitalized interest and other — securitized trusts		582	31			613
Total Managed student loan acquisitions	\$	12,837	\$	2,460	\$	15,297
				onths ended ber 30, 2002		
		FFELP	1	Private		Total
Preferred Channel	\$	7,625	\$	1,658	\$	9,283
Other commitment clients		353		35		388
Spot purchases		752		7		759
Consolidations from third parties		1,308		_		1,308
Consolidations from securitized trusts		2,602				2,602

Capitalized interest and other	 761	(17)	 744
Total on-balance sheet student loan acquisitions	13,401	1,683	15,084
Consolidations to SLM Corporation from securitized trusts	(2,602)		(2,602)
Capitalized interest and other — securitized trusts	532		532
Total Managed student loan acquisitions	\$ 11,331	\$ 1,683	\$ 13,014

We purchased and originated \$5.1 billion of student loans in the third quarter of 2003 compared with \$4.0 billion in the year-ago quarter and \$4.8 billion in the prior quarter. In both June 2003 and 2002, we delayed the processing of disbursement for Consolidation Loans to allow borrowers to take advantage of lower interest rates that took effect on July 1.

In the third quarter of 2003, our Preferred Channel originations totaled \$5.1 billion versus \$4.1 billion in the year-ago quarter and \$1.9 billion in the prior quarter. The pipeline of loans currently serviced on our servicing systems and committed for purchase by us was \$5.9 billion at September 30, 2003 versus \$5.2 billion at September 30, 2002 and \$4.4 billion at June 30, 2003.

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QuickLinks

SLM CORPORATION SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION THIRD QUARTER 2003 (Dollars in millions, except per share amounts)